Miniaturization of LED Drivers

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# Miniaturization of LED Drivers

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## Introduction

- Great demand for miniaturization in lighting industry
- Power supplies are bottleneck, due to their bulky energy storage components
- This poster: several design considerations towards miniaturized LED drivers.

## Design Considerations

- **Topologies:** Soft-switching resonant converters
- **Control:** Combination of control schemes (e.g. frequency control + burst mode control)
- **Devices:** Wide band-gap (WBG) devices and Integrated Passive Devices (IPDs) technologies
- **Energy Storage:** Active ripple port circuits allowing for employment of smaller and more robust capacitor technologies
- **Frequency:** HF and VHF operation.

## Experimental Results

Measurement results of a class-DE series-resonant converter that can be incorporated for the AC-DC and the DC-DC stages in an LED driver:

- Up to 400V input with soft-switching
- 1 MHz operation
- High voltage GaN switches and SiC diodes
- Potential for operation in HF and VHF ranges
- Frequency modulation can be used for line/load regulation.

## Conclusion

- Operation at high frequencies is key for miniaturization
- Good candidate: soft-switching resonant converters
- WBG devices show great potential for high efficiencies
- Combined control can allow for enhanced line/load regulation.

## References


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