Production and characterization of ice cream with high content in oleic and linoleic fatty acids - DTU Orbit (03/11/2019)

Production and characterization of ice cream with high content in oleic and linoleic fatty acids
Ice creams produced with unsaturated fats rich in oleic (OO, 70.7% of oleic) and linoleic (LO, 49.0% of linoleic) fatty acids, were compared to ice cream based on saturated coconut oil (CO, 50% of lauric acid). The globule size distribution of OO mix during aging (72h at 4°C) followed a similar trend to CO mix, being stable after 48h; whereas LO mix destabilized after 24h. CO mix showed higher destabilization during ice cream production, but no significant differences among fats were observed in the particle size of the ice cream produced. The overrun was also lower for OO and LO ice creams (34.19 and 27.12%, respectively) compared to CO based ice cream (45.06%). However, an improved melting behavior, which gradually decreased from 88.69% for CO to 66.09% for LO ice cream, was observed.

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