Frontolimbic serotonin 2A receptor binding in healthy subjects is associated with personality risk factors for affective disorder - DTU Orbit (06/11/2019)

Frontolimbic serotonin 2A receptor binding in healthy subjects is associated with personality risk factors for affective disorder

Background: Serotonergic dysfunction has been associated with affective disorders. High trait neuroticism, as measured on personality inventories, is a risk factor for major depression. In this study we investigated whether neuroticism is associated with serotonin 2A receptor binding in brain regions of relevance for affective disorders. Methods: Eighty-three healthy volunteers completed the standardized personality questionnaire NEO-PI-R (Revised NEO Personality Inventory) and underwent [F-18]altanserin positron emission tomography imaging for assessment of serotonin 2A receptor binding. The correlation between the neuroticism score and frontolimbic serotonin 2A receptor binding was evaluated by multiple linear regression analysis with adjustment for age and gender. Results: Neuroticism correlated positively with frontolimbic serotonin 2A receptor binding [r(79) = .24, p = .028]. Post hoc analysis of the contributions from the six constituent traits of neuroticism showed that the correlation was primarily driven by two of them: vulnerability and anxiety. Indeed, vulnerability, defined as a person's difficulties in coping with stress, displayed the strongest positive correlation, which remained significant after correction for multiple comparisons (r = .35, p = .009). Conclusions: In healthy subjects the personality dimension neuroticism and particularly its constituent trait, vulnerability, are positively associated with frontolimbic serotonin 2A binding. Our findings point to a neurobiological link between personality risk factors for affective disorder and the serotonergic transmitter system and identify the serotonin 2A receptor as a biomarker for vulnerability to affective disorder.

General information
Publication status: Published
Organisations: Cognitive Systems, Department of Informatics and Mathematical Modeling, Copenhagen University Hospital, University of Copenhagen
Pages: 569-576
Publication date: 2008
Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information
Journal: Biological Psychiatry
Volume: 63
Issue number: 6
ISSN (Print): 0006-3223
Ratings:
BFI (2008): BFI-level 2
Scopus rating (2008): SJR 5.513 SNIP 2.251
Web of Science (2008): Indexed yes
Original language: English
Keywords: anxiety, 2A, affective disorder, PET, mood disorder, neuroticism, personality, 5HT, depression, imaging, serotonin, NEO-PI-R, 5HT2A
DOIs:
10.1016/j.biopsych.2007.07.009
Source: orbit
Source ID: 222001
Research output: Contribution to journal › Journal article – Annual report year: 2008 › Research › peer-review