Diel vertical interactions between Atlantic cod Gadus morhua and sprat Sprattus sprattus in a stratified water column - DTU Orbit (04/08/2019)

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Information about species interactions at a spatial scale comparable to the perceptive abilities of the involved species is crucial for establishment of predictive food consumption models at the population level. Nevertheless, such information is sparse due to methodological constraints. We studied the diel vertical dynamics of species interactions between Atlantic cod Gadus morhua and its major clupeid prey, sprat Sprattus sprattus, at a location in the Bornholm Basin of the central Baltic Sea during late winter. This was accomplished by combining acoustic information on diel vertical fish distribution, time of ingestion of individual sprat estimated from cod stomach content data and observed vertical profiles of salinity, temperature and oxygen content. Predation by cod took place primarily at dusk and dawn during ascent and descent of sprat associated with school dissolution and formation, respectively. Cod resided close to the bottom outside these temporal predation windows. Sprat schools were located at the same depth as cod in the daylight hours, whereas at night dispersed sprat were situated higher in the water column. These vertical dynamics could be explained by fitness optimization using bioenergetics and trade-offs between temperature, oxygen saturation of the water and predation risk. This study forms a first step towards providing a mechanistic background for the predatory impact of cod at the basin scale and beyond

General information
Publication status: Published
Organisations: National Institute of Aquatic Resources, Section for Oceans and Arctic, Arctic Section, Section for Marine Ecology and Oceanography
Contributors: Andersen, N. G., Lundgren, B., Neuenfeldt, S., Beyer, J.
Pages: 195-209
Publication date: 2017
Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information
Journal: Marine Ecology - Progress Series
Volume: 583
ISSN (Print): 0171-8630
Ratings:
BFI (2017): BFI-level 2
Scopus rating (2017): CiteScore 2.53
Web of Science (2017): Impact factor 2.276
Web of Science (2017): Indexed yes
Original language: English
Electronic versions:
Publishers version
DOIs: 10.3354/meps12319
Source: FindIt
Source-ID: 2385995460
Research output: Contribution to journal › Journal article – Annual report year: 2017 › Research › peer-review