Miniaturization of LED Drivers

Ammar, Ahmed Morsi; Spliid, Frederik Monrad; Nour, Yasser; Knott, Arnold

Publication date:
2018

Document Version
Publisher's PDF, also known as Version of record

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Citation (APA):
**Miniaturization of LED Drivers**

**Ahmed Ammar, Frederik Spliid, Yasser Nour & Arnold Knott**

Technical University of Denmark, DTU Electrical Engineering, Electronics group

Elektrovej 325, 2nd floor, 2800 Kgs. Lyngby, Denmark

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**Introduction**

- Great demand for miniaturization in lighting industry
- Power supplies are bottle neck, due to their bulky energy storage components
- This poster: several design considerations towards miniaturized LED drivers.

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**Design Considerations**

- **Topologies:** Soft-switching resonant converters
- **Control:** Combination of control schemes (e.g. frequency control + burst mode control)
- **Devices:** Wide band-gap (WBG) devices and Integrated Passive Devices (IPDs) technologies
- **Energy Storage:** Active ripple port circuits allowing for employment of smaller and more robust capacitor technologies
- **Frequency:** HF and VHF operation.

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**Experimental Results**

Measurement results of a class-DE series-resonant converter that can be incorporated for the AC-DC and the DC-DC stages in an LED driver:

- Up to 400V input with soft-switching
- 1 MHz operation
- High voltage GaN switches and SiC diodes
- Potential for operation in HF and VHF ranges
- Frequency modulation can be used for line/load regulation.

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**Conclusion**

- Operation at high frequencies is key for miniaturization
- Good candidate: soft-switching resonant converters
- WBG devices show great potential for high efficiencies
- Combined control can allow for enhanced line/load regulation.

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**References**


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**Acknowledgement**

This project has received funding from the European Union’s Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 731466.