High similarity between EEG from subcutaneous and proximate scalp electrodes in patients with temporal lobe epilepsy - DTU Orbit (02/11/2018)

High similarity between EEG from subcutaneous and proximate scalp electrodes in patients with temporal lobe epilepsy

Subcutaneous recording using electro encephalography (EEG) has the potential to enable ultra-long-term epilepsy monitoring in real-life conditions because it allows the patient increased mobility and discreteness. This study is the first to compare physiological and epileptiform EEG signals from subcutaneous and scalp EEG recordings in epilepsy patients. Four patients with probable or definite temporal lobe epilepsy were monitored with simultaneous scalp and subcutaneous EEG recordings. EEG recordings were compared by correlation and time-frequency analysis across an array of clinically relevant waveforms and patterns. We found high similarity between the subcutaneous EEG channels and nearby temporal scalp channels for most investigated electroencephalographic events. In particular, the temporal dynamics of one typical temporal lobe seizure in one patient were similar in scalp and subcutaneous recordings in regard to frequency distribution and morphology. Signal similarity is strongly related to the distance between the subcutaneous and scalp electrodes. On the basis of these limited data, we conclude that subcutaneous EEG recordings are very similar to scalp recordings in both time and time-frequency domains, if the distance between them is small. As many electroencephalographic events are local/regional, the positioning of the subcutaneous electrodes should be considered carefully to reflect the relevant clinical question. The impact of implantation depth of the subcutaneous electrode on recording quality should be investigated further.

NEW & NOTEWORTHY This study is the first publication comparing the detection of clinically relevant, pathological EEG features from a subcutaneous recording system designed for out-patient ultra-long-term use to gold standard scalp EEG recordings. Our study shows that subcutaneous channels are very similar to comparable scalp channels, but also point out some issues yet to be resolved.

General information
State: Published
Organisations: Department of Applied Mathematics and Computer Science, Cognitive Systems, University of Copenhagen, UNEEG Medical A/S, Zealand University Hospital
Contributors: Weisdorf, S., Gangstad, S. W., Duun-Henriksen, J., Mosholt, K. S., Kjær, T. W.
Pages: 1451-1460
Publication date: 13 Sep 2018
Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information
Journal: Journal of Neurophysiology
Volume: 120
Issue number: 3
ISSN (Print): 0022-3077
Ratings:
BFI (2018): BFI-level 1
Web of Science (2018): Indexed yes
BFI (2017): BFI-level 1
Scopus rating (2017): CiteScore 2.51 SJR 1.65 SNIP 0.878
Web of Science (2017): Impact factor 2.502
Web of Science (2017): Indexed yes
BFI (2016): BFI-level 1
Scopus rating (2016): CiteScore 2.4 SJR 1.674 SNIP 0.917
Web of Science (2016): Impact factor 2.396
BFI (2015): BFI-level 1
Scopus rating (2015): CiteScore 2.96 SJR 2.198 SNIP 1.063
Web of Science (2015): Impact factor 2.653
BFI (2014): BFI-level 1
Scopus rating (2014): CiteScore 3.15 SJR 2.383 SNIP 1.159
Web of Science (2014): Impact factor 2.887
BFI (2013): BFI-level 1
Scopus rating (2013): CiteScore 3.41 SJR 2.635 SNIP 1.196
Web of Science (2013): Impact factor 3.041
ISI indexed (2013): ISI indexed yes
BFI (2012): BFI-level 1
Scopus rating (2012): CiteScore 3.56 SJR 2.737 SNIP 1.236
Web of Science (2012): Impact factor 3.301
ISI indexed (2012): ISI indexed yes
Web of Science (2012): Indexed yes
BFI (2011): BFI-level 1
Scopus rating (2011): CiteScore 3.53 SJR 2.848 SNIP 1.222
Web of Science (2011): Impact factor 3.316
ISI indexed (2011): ISI indexed yes
BFI (2010): BFI-level 2
Scopus rating (2010): SJR 2.788 SNIP 1.143
Web of Science (2010): Impact factor 3.114
BFI (2009): BFI-level 2
Scopus rating (2009): SJR 3.217 SNIP 1.235
Web of Science (2009): Indexed yes
BFI (2008): BFI-level 1
Scopus rating (2008): SJR 3.355 SNIP 1.294
Web of Science (2008): Indexed yes
Scopus rating (2007): SJR 3.121 SNIP 1.429
Scopus rating (2006): SJR 2.877 SNIP 1.4
Scopus rating (2005): SJR 3.073 SNIP 1.442
Scopus rating (2004): SJR 2.922 SNIP 1.263
Scopus rating (2003): SJR 3.158 SNIP 1.396
Scopus rating (2002): SJR 2.668 SNIP 1.363
Scopus rating (2001): SJR 2.645 SNIP 1.376
Scopus rating (2000): SJR 2.917 SNIP 1.446
Scopus rating (1999): SJR 2.973 SNIP 1.447

Original language: English
Keywords: Long-term monitoring, Subcutaneous EEG, Temporal lobe epilepsy, Ultra-long-term monitoring, Wearable EEG
DOIs: 10.1152/jn.00320.2018
Source: Scopus
Source-ID: 85053443255
Research output: Research - peer-review ; Journal article – Annual report year: 2018