Factors contributing to young moped rider accidents in Denmark

Young road users still constitute a high-risk group with regard to road traffic accidents. The crash rate of a moped is four times greater than that of a motorcycle, and the likelihood of being injured in a road traffic accident is 10-20 times higher among moped riders compared to car drivers. Nevertheless, research on the behaviour and accident involvement of young moped riders remains sparse. Based on analysis of 128 accident protocols, the purpose of this study was to increase knowledge about moped accidents. The study was performed in Denmark involving riders aged 16 or 17. A distinction was made between accident factors related to (1) the road and its surroundings, (2) the vehicle, and (3) the reported behaviour and condition of the road user. Thirteen accident factors were identified with the majority concerning the reported behaviour and condition of the road user. The average number of accident factors assigned per accident was 2.7. Riding speed was assigned in 45% of the accidents which made it the most frequently assigned factor on the part of the moped rider followed by attention errors (42%), a tuned up moped (29%) and position on the road (14%). For the other parties involved, attention error (52%) was the most frequently assigned accident factor. The majority (78%) of the accidents involved road rule breaching on the part of the moped rider. The results indicate that preventive measures should aim to eliminate violations and increase anticipatory skills among moped riders and awareness of mopeds among other road users. Due to their young age the effect of such measures could be enhanced by infrastructural measures facilitating safe interaction between mopeds and other road users.

General information
State: Published
Organisations: Department of Transport, Transport policy and behaviour, Danish Transport Research Institute, Department of Management Engineering, Technology and Innovation Management
Contributors: Møller, M., Haustein, S.
Pages: 1-7
Publication date: 2016
Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information
Journal: Accident Analysis & Prevention
Volume: 87
ISSN (Print): 0001-4575
Ratings:
BFI (2018): BFI-level 2
Web of Science (2018): Indexed yes
BFI (2017): BFI-level 2
Scopus rating (2017): CiteScore 2.94 SJR 1.462 SNIP 1.9
Web of Science (2017): Impact factor 2.584
Web of Science (2017): Indexed yes
BFI (2016): BFI-level 2
Scopus rating (2016): CiteScore 3.24 SJR 1.586 SNIP 2.05
Web of Science (2016): Impact factor 2.685
Web of Science (2016): Indexed yes
BFI (2015): BFI-level 2
Scopus rating (2015): CiteScore 2.63 SJR 1.228 SNIP 1.78
Web of Science (2015): Impact factor 2.07
Web of Science (2015): Indexed yes
BFI (2014): BFI-level 2
Scopus rating (2014): CiteScore 2.79 SJR 1.221 SNIP 2.059
Web of Science (2014): Impact factor 2.07
Web of Science (2014): Indexed yes
BFI (2013): BFI-level 2
Scopus rating (2013): CiteScore 3.2 SJR 1.374 SNIP 2.645
Web of Science (2013): Impact factor 2.571
ISI indexed (2013): ISI indexed yes
Web of Science (2013): Indexed yes
BFI (2012): BFI-level 2
Scopus rating (2012): CiteScore 2.56 SJR 1.326 SNIP 2.246
Web of Science (2012): Impact factor 1.964
ISI indexed (2012): ISI indexed yes