Combining engineering and data-driven approaches: Calibration of a generic fire risk model with data

Two general approaches may be followed for the development of a fire risk model: statistical models based on observed fire losses can support simple cost-benefit studies but are usually not detailed enough for engineering decision-making. Engineering models, on the other hand, require many assumptions that may result in a biased risk assessment. In two related papers we show how engineering and data-driven modelling can be combined by developing generic risk models that are calibrated to statistical data on observed fire events. The focus of the present paper is on the calibration procedure. A framework is developed that is able to deal with data collection in non-homogeneous portfolios of buildings. Also incomplete data sets containing only little information on each fire event can be used for model calibration. To illustrate the capabilities of the proposed framework, it is applied to the calibration of a generic fire risk model for single family houses to Swiss insurance data. The example demonstrates that the bias in the risk estimation can be strongly reduced by model calibration.
Original language: English
Keywords: Fire risk model, Probabilistic approach, Generic risk assessment, Calibration, Model validation

Electronic versions:
elsevier_42.pdf

DOIs: 10.1016/j.firesaf.2015.04.008

Source: FindIt
Source-ID: 274953561
Research output: Research - peer-review › Journal article – Annual report year: 2015