A Science Cloud for Smart Cities Research

Cities are densely populated and heavily equipped areas with a high level of service provision. Smart cities can use these conditions to achieve the goals of a smart society for their citizens. To facilitate such developments, the necessary IT-infrastructure has to be in place for supporting, amongst many other things, the whole lifecycle of big data management and analytics for research activities. At the Centre for IT-Intelligent Smart Energy for Cities, we have therefore been developing a flexible infrastructure, based on open sourcetechnologies. This paper presents this solution and its application in a city and building research.
CITIESData: a smart city data management framework

Smart city data come from heterogeneous sources including various types of the Internet of Things such as traffic, weather, pollution, noise, and portable devices. They are characterized with diverse quality issues and with different types of sensitive information. This makes data processing and publishing challenging. In this paper, we propose a framework to streamline smart city data management, including data collection, cleansing, anonymization, and publishing. The paper classifies smart city data in sensitive, quasi-sensitive, and open/public levels and then suggests different strategies to process and publish the data within these categories. The paper evaluates the framework using a real-world smart city data set, and the results verify its effectiveness and efficiency. The framework can be a generic solution to manage smart city data.

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Evaluation of the renovation of a Danish single-family house based on measurements

Building renovation is too often carried out with only one objective: necessary maintenance, updating design and functions, or reducing energy consumption. But, if a necessary maintenance is exploited as an opportunity for renovation, energy improvements can be implemented, house functions can be updated, and indoor climate improved with minimal nuisance and expense. This paper illustrates this approach by documenting the renovation of a single-family house in Denmark, and monitoring its energy consumption and indoor climate before and after the renovation. Building elements were replaced where necessary, and the total energy consumption was reduced by 23%, giving the house owners a saving of about DKK 8400 per year. The energy consumption for heating was reduced by 53%, close to the 58% found using dynamic simulations. The temperatures reached a more comfortable level, and the house owners were satisfied with the result. The increased value of the house was estimated to cover about 77% of the investment.
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Heating of indoor swimming pools by solar thermal collectors in summerhouses in Denmark

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Impact of Prosumers and their Clusters on the Energy System
Intelligent Scheduling of a Grid-Connected Heat Pump in a Danish Detached House

This study proposes a methodology for intelligent scheduling of a heat pump installed in a refurbished grid-connected detached house in Denmark. This scheduling is conducted through the coupling of a dynamic building simulation tool with an optimization tool. The optimization of the operation of the system is based on a price-signal considering a three-day period for different weather cases. The results show that the optimal scheduling of the system is successful in terms of reducing the peak load during times when electricity prices are high, thus achieving cost savings as well as maintaining good thermal comfort conditions. The proposed methodology bridges dynamic building modelling with optimization of real-time operation of HVAC systems offering a detailed model for building physics, especially regarding thermal mass and a stochastic price-based control.

Method for planning extensive energy renovation of detached single-family houses

It has long been a political aim to reduce the emissions caused by energy consumption, and in Denmark politicians aim to make Denmark a society independent of fossil fuels by 2050. To achieve this, it is necessary to increase sustainable energy production and reduce energy consumption. This will take time, so both areas must be considered already now, but it will be beneficial to work on reducing the consumption before the sustainable energy supply is fully developed, so that we can avoid expensive over-production.

Some 30% of the total energy consumption in Denmark takes place in households, and 22% occurs in single-family houses, making this the largest single contributor to the total consumption after road transport (DEA, 2015a). There is a large potential for achieving energy savings in this sector, especially among the large number of single-family houses built in the 1960s and 1970s. Many of these were built before the introduction of actual regulations for energy consumption in buildings, and many will soon need considerable renovation due to their age.

However, despite the potential for achieving savings and updating these houses built about 40-60 years ago, the renovation of the building stock is proceeding very slowly. This is partly due to problems with the process, in which the initiative rests very much with the house owners, and partly due to barriers to renovation that are currently unaddressed by policy makers.

One of the problems addressed in this thesis is the process. In the hope that this could be improved, the use of a One-Stop-Shop (OSS) was investigated and tested. With an OSS, one contact person guides the house owners through all five phases of renovation: initial planning, thorough analysis, deciding on specific solutions, implementation, and verification through measurements. Although the case study suffered from a very high dropout rate, one renovation was successfully completed, and a second followed the project until the start of the fourth phase. While the study did not find evidence that the use of an OSS concept would motivate people to renovate, it did find that the use of this approach produced a better renovation with a larger energy saving. The initial evaluation helped the house owners identify a maintenance backlog, and the use of an independent advisor helped ensure quality throughout the process.

Renovations are too often carried out for just one purpose: maintenance, to update functions or to reduce energy consumption. But a lot can be gained by combining these efforts, which can reduce expenses for planning and execution and avoid doing things twice. Research for this thesis demonstrated this approach by carrying out a renovation based on
maintenance, but including the owners’ wishes for functional improvements and better than mandatory energy improvements. The renovation resulted in increased comfort, a reduction of 53% for heating, and an increase in the value of the house corresponding to 77% of the investment.

There are a lot of barriers that discourage people from embarking on a renovation, and one way to deal with these barriers is through targeted policy. The research created an overview of current policy in this field in Denmark and compared it with the known barriers and motivations, which were collected in a framework to make it possible to identify the areas where current policy falls short. Four points in need of improvement and attention were identified: focus, finance, plans and regulation. The focus must be moved to improving comfort instead of energy renovation as an investment, because this is doing the field a serious disservice. There is a need for more financial support in the form of cheap loans and non-symbolic subsidies, which can overcome the barrier of lack of finance and motivate more extensive renovations. House owners should receive long-term renovation plans for their house, which inform them of their maintenance backlog and inspire energy improvements. And finally, it will be necessary to use regulation to reach those who are not planning to renovate. This could be done for example by setting a maximum allowed energy consumption per m² in houses, though this would have to be backed up by subsidies to avoid creating major social imbalance.

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SciCloud: A Scientific Cloud and Management Platform for Smart City Data
The pervasive use of Internet of Things and smart meter technologies in smart cities increases the complexity of managing the data, due to their sizes, diversity, and privacy issues. This requires an innovate solution to process and manage the data effectively. This paper presents an elastic private scientific cloud, SciCloud, to tackle these grand challenges. SciCloud provides on-demand computing resource provisions, a scalable data management platform and an in-place data analytics environment to support the scientific research using smart city data.

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Using a One-Stop-Shop Concept to Guide Decisions when Single-Family Houses are renovated

One way of reducing the use of fossil fuels in Denmark is to explore possible energy savings in the building stock, especially the large number of single-family houses built from 1960 through 1980. Energy renovation in this housing segment is progressing slowly. The aim of this project was to determine how a one-stop-shop (OSS) or full-service concept could be used to guide the extensive energy renovation of single-family houses. The purpose was partly to identify the benefits and disadvantages of using the concept and partly to evaluate the potential of the OSS concept for increasing the degree of renovation. The scope of the project was to carry out renovations on up to three houses. The project revealed that the concept on its own was not enough to motivate the house owners to engage in extensive renovation. However, interviews with the house owners indicated that the renovations that took place had probably been expanded and improved with the use of the concept and that the renovations in general benefitted from an independent adviser.

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Scopus rating (2006): SJR 0.223 SNIP 1.075
Scopus rating (2005): SJR 0.136 SNIP 0.662
Scopus rating (2004): SJR 0.149 SNIP 0.968
Scopus rating (2003): SJR 0.317 SNIP 0.855
Scopus rating (2002): SJR 0.2 SNIP 0.522
Identification of parameters affecting the variability of energy use in residential buildings

Energy use of buildings varies significantly. When aggregating the demand profiles of a group of buildings, the variations of energy demand are critical to determine the aggregated load profile. Especially when dimensioning district energy systems, it is important to know the variability of energy demand that can guarantee the efficient operation of the system. For this reason, it is useful to distinguish the parameters that affect building energy performance the most and to estimate the magnitude of these variations on each parameter. The aim of the present study is to identify the parameters that lead to the largest variations in energy performance of residential buildings in Denmark. A set of sensitivity analysis has been carried out using an extensive search algorithm. These sensitivity analyses were then applied for modelling a reference building representing Danish single-family houses of the 1940's. The study was able to determine the key variables that affect energy use in old Danish single-family houses using sensitivity analysis and proposes a methodology for parameter optimization. This analysis pointed out that the insulation in external walls and roof lead to the largest variations in space heating demand. Also, the infiltration rate and occupancy behavior play important
role on space heating consumption. It was concluded that these findings highly depend on the specific case study and the characteristics of the buildings that are examined. If outdoor climate and location differ from the current case, a different set of parameters should be investigated upon its effect on building energy use.

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**Impact of Prosumer Buildings and their Clusters on the Energy System – project outline**

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**Living Labs – From scientific labs to the smart city**
Research laboratories are characterized by the fact that the experiments are carried out under very well controlled conditions. In some research fields, field trials are a well-established methodology where many of the parameters involved are not controlled by the researchers in their experiments. Living Labs can be compared with these field tests, trials and setups. However control of parameters is often not possible in living lab trials and experiments. Data collection is one of the important subjects and tasks in such research. Often, the researchers and research communities are part of these living labs. Hereby the scientific approach has to be carefully evaluated and methods adjusted accordingly.

Examples of living labs can be found across DTU. A very small living lab is made at the Library where a lighting system is established that can be influenced by students and researches through open interfaces. The basic idea is to enable innovators to perform their developments and research in this real world setup and learn to define solutions that are applicable there.

On a larger scale, DTU is promoting the whole campus as a living lab that can be used for research and development by its employees, but also partners from outside. This proposition can be found under the term “Smart Campus” with it’s own homepage. Here you find the example from the library above, the Smart Avenue that enables communication and IT solutions on the campus, enabled through intelligent street lightning that in the same time is part of the Doll Living Lab setup placed in the area.

Lyngby Smart City is a living lab approach facilitated by the City of Knowledge. Together with the labs presented above, we find a direct chain from scientific research labs at DTU over the campus lab, out into the real world living labs near Lyngby and from there into the big smart city of Copenhagen to be promoted to the world markets. This way the value chain “from research to invoice” is instantiated into not only an innovation and business strategy, but rather a research strategy that aims at elevating DTU’s research to an even more leading international position.
Mapping one year's design processes at an architecture firm specialized in sustainable architecture - How do sustainability certification systems affect design processes?

The current study mapped how a Danish architecture firm integrated sustainability in their projects over a year. All the projects concerned were aimed at being sustainable within the framework of the DGNB certification system. The focus of DGNB is equally divided between environmental, economic and social aspects. During the mapping process, a picture was drawn of the state of the art for integrating DGNB in design processes and of the challenges involved. Case studies formed the basis of the study and helped substantiate the complexity of integrating DGNB’s criteria as design parameters in practice.

The framework for the study is the increased focus in recent decades on minimizing the energy consumption used for operating buildings, because the building industry accounts for 40% of the total energy consumption in the EU. This focus has led to more optimized design processes within the framework of the Integrated Energy Design (IED) method, in which many decisions related to indoor climate and energy consumption are made in the early stages of the design process and have therefore become an important design factor for both architects and engineers. The tendency is now to widen the perspective to design decisions in all phases of the entire lifecycle of a building. Life Cycle Assessment (LCA) moves to the fore in the design process to make it possible to meet the overall purpose of reducing CO₂ emissions and the general environmental impact of the entire building industry.

Mapping one year's design processes at an architecture firm specialized in sustainable architecture - How do sustainability certification systems affect design processes?
Modeling energy flexibility of low energy buildings utilizing thermal mass

In the future energy system a considerable increase in the penetration of renewable energy is expected, challenging the stability of the system, as both production and consumption will have fluctuating patterns. Hence, the concept of energy flexibility will be necessary in order for the consumption to match the production patterns, shifting demand from on-peak hours to off-peak hours. Buildings could act as flexibility suppliers to the energy system, through load shifting potential, provided that the large thermal mass of the building stock could be utilized for energy storage. In the present study the load shifting potential of an apartment of a low energy building in Copenhagen is assessed, utilizing the heat storage capacity of the thermal mass when the heating system is switched off for relieving the energy system. It is shown that when using a 4-hour preheating period before switching off the heating system, the thermal mass of the building releases sufficient heat to maintain the operative temperature above 20°C for 15 hours. This potential increases with longer preheating period. The thermal behaviour of the external envelope and internal walls is examined, identifying the heat losses of the external envelope and the thermal capacity of the internal walls as the main parameters that affect the load shifting potential of the apartment.

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Online Anomaly Energy Consumption Detection Using Lambda Architecture
With the widely use of smart meters in the energy sector, anomaly detection becomes a crucial mean to study the unusual consumption behaviors of customers, and to discover unexpected events of using energy promptly. Detecting consumption anomalies is, essentially, a real-time big data analytics problem, which does data mining on a large amount of parallel data streams from smart meters. In this paper, we propose a supervised learning and statistical-based anomaly detection method, and implement a Lambda system using the in-memory distributed computing framework, Spark and its extension Spark Streaming. The system supports not only iterative refreshing the detection models from scalable data sets, but also real-time anomaly detection on scalable live data streams. This paper empirically evaluates the system and the detection algorithm, and the results show the effectiveness and the scalability of the lambda detection system.

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Big Data som værktøj til at styre byens energi

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Authors: Heller, A. (Intern)
Nowadays, the minimization of energy consumption and the optimization of efficiency of the overall energy grid have been in the agenda of most national and international energy policies. At the same time, urbanization has put cities under the microscope towards achieving cost-effective energy savings due to their compact and highly dense form. Thus, accurate estimation of energy demand of cities is of high importance to policy-makers and energy planners. This calls for automated methods that can be easily expandable to higher levels of aggregation, ranging from clusters of buildings to neighbourhoods and cities. Buildings occupy a key place in the development of smart cities as they represent an important potential to integrate smart energy solutions. Building energy consumption affects significantly the performance of the entire energy network. Therefore, a realistic estimation of the aggregated building energy use will not only ensure security of supply but also enhance the stabilization of national energy balances.

In this study, the aggregation of building energy demand was investigated for a real case in Sønderborg, Denmark. Sixteen single-family houses -mainly built in the 1960s- were examined, all connected to the regional district heating network. The aggregation of building energy demands was carried out according to typologies, being represented by archetype buildings. These houses were modelled with dynamic energy simulation software and with a simplified simulation tool, which is based on monthly quasi-steady state calculations, using a visual parametric programming language (Grasshopper) coupled with a 3D design interface (Rhinoceros). The estimated heat demand of the examined houses from both simulation tools is compared to actual measured data of heat consumption. An assessment of the two different types of tools follows, which will indicate the suitability of each tool depending on the desired accuracy of results and on the purpose of analysis.

The goal towards a fossil free energy system is expressed in amongst others European and national targets, and puts pressure on the application of renewable energy sources combined with energy efficiency. Many cities are even more ambitious than their national targets and want to be among the first to demonstrate that they can become not only smart fossil-free energy cities but sustainable in a wider sense, including water, waste, transportation and more. In the current paper, the research agenda to support such goals through smart city efforts is presented for a few European cases as examples, focusing on the impacts that buildings play in the overall energy system. Here buildings are not only consumers but rather prosumers that are able to produce renewable energy themselves. Buildings moreover offer potential storage capacities that can be utilized in demand shifting, which is necessary to enable increased penetration of renewable energy in the energy grids.

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Smart Buildings: Combining energy efficiency, flexibility and comfort

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The Sensing Internet: A Discussion on Its Impact on Rural Areas

This paper is based on the experience of introducing wireless sensor networks (WSNs) into the building industry in Denmark and in a rural area of Greenland. There are very real advantages in the application of the technology and its consequences for the life cycle operation of the building sector. Sensor networks can be seen as an important part of the Internet of Things and may even constitute an Internet of Sensors, since the communication layers can differ from the Internet standards. The current paper describes the case for application, followed by a discussion of the observed adaptive advantages and consequences of the technology. Essentially, WSNs constitute a highly sophisticated technology that is more robust in a rural context due to its extremely simple installation procedures (plug and play) allowing the use of local less-skilled labour, and the possibility of reconfiguring and repurposing its use remotely.

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Internet of Things, Sensing internet, Wireless sensor networks, Internet of sensors, Robust IT, Rural areas, Remote areas, Building sector
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futureinternet_07_00363.pdf
DOIs:
10.3390/fit7040363
Approaching Sentient Building Performance Simulation Systems

Sentient BPS systems can combine one or more high precision BPS and provide near instantaneous performance feedback directly in the design tool, thus providing speed and precision of building performance in the early design stages. Sentient BPS systems are essentially combining: 1) design tools, 2) parametric tools, 3) BPS tools, 4) dynamic databases, 5) interpolation techniques and 6) prediction techniques as a fast and valid simulation system, in the early design stage.

General information
State: Published
Organisations: Department of Civil Engineering, Section for Building Physics and Services, Technical University of Denmark
Authors: Negendahl, K. (Intern), Perkov, T. (Ekstern), Heller, A. (Intern)
Number of pages: 11
Pages: 49-60
Publication date: 2014

Host publication information
Title of host publication: Proceedings of eCAADe 2014
Volume: 2
Editor: Thompson, E. M.
BFI conference series: Education and research in Computer Aided Architectural Design in Europe (5010954)
Main Research Area: Technical/natural sciences
Building performance simulation, Parametric modelling, Visual Programming language, Database, Responsive system, Integrated dynamic model
Electronic versions:
Sentient.BPS.System.preprint.pdf

Building for the future smart energy cities

General information
State: Published
Organisations: Department of Civil Engineering, Section for Building Physics and Services, Centre for IT-Intelligent Energy Systems in Cities
Authors: Heller, A. (Intern)
Number of pages: 1
Pages: 17
Publication date: 2014

Host publication information
Title of host publication: Annual Report 2013
Publisher: Technical University of Denmark, Department of Civil Engineering
ISBN (Electronic): 978-87-87336-03-1
Main Research Area: Technical/natural sciences
Links:
http://quickpaper.rosendahls.dk/DTU/AnnualReport2013/#/2/

Central Solar (District) Heating Plants

General information
State: Published
Organisations: Centre for IT-Intelligent Energy Systems in Cities, Department of Civil Engineering, Section for Building Physics and Services, PlanEnergi
Authors: Heller, A. (Intern), Sørensen, P. A. (Ekstern)
Change in design targets for building energy towards smart cities

Designing cities from an overall energy optimization system point of view, demands changes in engineering procedures. Traditionally the design was driven independently between the involved domains and energy system components. By modelling the whole energy system in one, it is expected that there are exposed solutions where synergy effects arise that unleash extra saving potentials. Based on the insight gained by the simulations, IT intelligence and cross-component communication are to be invented to control the components and hereby to optimize the total system performance. One main strategy in doing so is, to move demands from high demand periods to low demand periods and hereby to avoid "peak" demands. This is called "flexibility" within the terminology of "smart grids". In early solutions the search was for energy capacities within the domain of the electrical grid, hence car batteries where seen as relevant solutions for providing flexibility. However, it seems that the demand is too large for electricity-only solutions. A next search for flexibility is aimed at finding electricity-thermal energy solutions such as electrical heating and cooling, heat pumps and cooling technologies that can help to stabilize the el-grid. To acquire even higher potentials, thermal system components are studied these days upon their flexibility potentials, such as heating and cooling of whole building structures. Hereby the question arises, how much "flexibility" there is in relation to the thermal capacities of buildings that enable shifting energy demand for heating and cooling over periods of hours? While the availability of these capacities is a topic of current research, the consequences for building design are obvious. While we in the past could focus on energy optimization, we now have to design our buildings to its context, offering flexibility to the surrounding energy system. No final answers are given due to the fact that this is the edge of current research in this field, while a first concept draft is presented here.

General information
State: Published
Organisations: Department of Civil Engineering, Section for Building Physics and Services, Centre for IT-Intelligent Energy Systems in Cities, Technical University of Denmark, Samsung Display
Authors: Heller, A. (Intern), Gianniou, P. (Ekstern), Katsigiannis, E. (Ekstern), Mortensen, A. (Ekstern), Hun Woo, K. (Ekstern)
Pages: 11-15
Publication date: 2014

Host publication information
Title of host publication: Proceedings of the 3rd International Workshop on Design in Civil and Environmental Engineering
Publisher: DCEE
Editors: Bjerregaard Jensen, L., Thompson, M. K.
ISBN (Electronic): 978-0-9894658-3-0
Main Research Area: Technical/natural sciences
Conference: 3rd International Workshop on Design in Civil and Environmental Engineering, Kgs. Lyngby, Denmark, 21/08/2014 - 21/08/2014
Building design, Flexibility, Thermal capacity, Energy optimization, City design
Electronic versions:
Alfred_Heller_DTU_Paper_for_DCEE_for_proof_reading_1.pdf

Relations
Activities:
3rd International Workshop on Design in Civil and Environmental Engineering
Source: PublicationPreSubmission
Source-ID: 98172009
Publication: Research - peer-review › Article in proceedings – Annual report year: 2014

CITIES: Centre for IT-Intelligent Energy Systems in Cities
This extended abstract provides an introduction to an interdisciplinary strategic research project, CITIES which has been funded with an excess of € 7 million from a wide range of industrial and academic partners, and the Danish Council for Strategic Research. CITIES was launched January 1, 2014 and aims at developing methodologies and ICT solutions for the analysis, operation, planning and development of fully integrated urban energy systems. A holistic research approach will be developed, to provide solutions at all levels between the appliance and the overall system, and at all-time scales between operations and
planning. This extended abstract outlines the challenges to be met by city and energy planning bodies in an energy efficient future. The necessity of novel, data driven and IT intelligent solutions is stressed. A focus is placed on energy system planning in systems with high penetrations of renewable energy, or those entirely independent of fossil fuels.

**General information**
State: Published
Organisations: Department of Management Engineering, Systems Analysis, DTU Climate Centre, Energy Systems Analysis, Department of Applied Mathematics and Computer Science, Dynamical Systems, Department of Civil Engineering, Section for Building Physics and Services, Centre for IT-Intelligent Energy Systems in Cities
Authors: Herrmann, I. T. (Intern), O'Connell, N. (Intern), Heller, A. (Intern), Madsen, H. (Intern)
Pages: 1-8
Publication date: 2014

**Creating an information quantum leap in early design phases**
The poster will outline the dynamic simulations tools developed in the building industry during the last two decades for integrating knowledge of indoor climate and energy in early phases of a building design and give a brief up date of the present quest to include and integrate information from urban environment climatic conditions, broad multi-criteria sustainability certification in early design phases aiming at meeting the obligations defined by smart cities challenges. Civil and Environmental Engineering has special challenges concerning design processes. These design projects are always influenced by their location and the topography (be it natural or manmade), climate, etc. This means that each project is unique and must be viewed in its own right. This reduces the benefits of mass production and standardization that are so heavily emphasized in mechanical design and manufacturing. This also means that design theories, tools, and techniques cannot be adopted directly from other design disciplines such as product design where different solutions can be developed for each individual or group. The natural environment has dynamic, unpredictable, and sometimes chaotic properties and behavior. This is more true than ever when considering the challenge of climate change. The requirements and behavior of the human users also vary in time. To meet these challenges, Civil and Environmental Engineering projects must be designed to be flexible so they can adjust for temporary changes in natural or human conditions. They must also be adaptable so they can evolve with technology, society, and the environment. The recent years, increasing application of renewable energy sources put extreme pressure onto the energy grids and need for demands side management, where buildings play a decisive role in stabilizing the energy demand through e.g. thermal storage in building components. Design in Civil and Environmental Engineering also defines the reality in which we live, work, and play. Thus, it borders other fields such as architecture, landscape design, and urban planning --- influencing them and being influenced in exchange. The design of sustainable and climate adaptive systems and structures requires a very high level of information in all of the design phases. Addressing the challenges will require even more information with a better level of integration than is currently available today in either industry or education. Interdisciplinary design methods building on the know-how created during the past 2 decades is at the fore. How can we better integrate the knowledge at hand in Civil and Environmental Engineering in interdisciplinary design processes?

**General information**
State: Published
Organisations: Department of Civil Engineering, Section for Building Design, Section for Building Physics and Services
Authors: Jensen, L. B. (Intern), Heller, A. (Intern), Hurup-Felby, B. (Intern)
Number of pages: 1
Publication date: 2014
Introduction of flexible monitoring equipment into the Greenlandic building sector

Greenlandic winters are long and cold so living inside the heated and properly ventilated space requires quite some energy. It is assumed that in mechanically ventilated buildings, significant amounts of energy for heating can be conserved by adjusting the ventilation flow rates according to actual demand of the occupants. Traditional solutions available on market consist of controller and sensors in the living space detecting the occupancy and activity (movement sensors, CO2 sensors, Humidity sensors, etc.). The controller needs to be programmed and maintained by an expert and sensors need to be hardwired to the controller. In Greenland where price of the labor is very high and availability of experts limited the installation of such control system becomes unacceptably expensive, particularly in case of renovation of existing buildings. One possible solution to the above is to introduce wireless sensor network (WSN) technologies. The design of a prototype wireless monitoring and control system is demonstrated in the new dormitory Apisseq in Sisimiut, Greenland. The existing mechanical ventilation was running at a constant air volume even during unoccupied hours which resulted in a very high heat demand. It was estimated that installing the WSN system will bring annual savings of 1,600 € at the investment of 8,000 €. This paper describes the initial setup of the system and discusses its advantages and drawbacks.
Wireless technologies for the Construction Sector: Requirements, Energy and Cost Efficiencies

The construction sector has been rather reluctant with respect to the implementation of ITC innovations that other industries have adopted for years. One of the reasons could be the lack of services by the proposed innovations especially the RFID solutions. This technology is well-researched within the building sector and is therefore used to analyse requirements for alternative technologies. The motivation of the current work is to find upcoming technologies that bring improvements into the sector, for example improved life cycle costs and energy efficiencies, increasing quality, construction and operation efficiency and reducing faults and losses.

The paper also lays out requirements expected by the sector. It will be shown that the wireless sensor network technology is a strong competitor that may meet the requirements. By analysing the application of such technologies throughout the building lifecycle, the utilization can be manifold, hereby minimising overall economic costs and maximising the added values for all involved stakeholders.

Based on the expectations of the sector, the experiences with the introduction of the RFID technology and by estimating the applicability of the extra services that follow the wireless sensor network, the paper will line up the requirements that the new technology has to meet to be introduced successfully.
Original language: English

Wireless Sensor Networks, RFID, Building sector, Building lifecycle, Requirements, Cost, Energy efficiency

Electronic versions:
Wireless_technologies.pdf

DOIs:
10.1016/j.enbuild.2013.12.019

Bibliographical note
Acknowledgement: The current work was supported by the Bjarne Saxhof Foundation. Thanks to their contribution
Source: dtu
Source-ID: u::10288
Publication: Research - peer-review › Journal article – Annual report year: 2014

Center for Bygningssimulering: Idegrundlag for etablering af center

General information
State: Published
Organisations: Department of Civil Engineering, Section for Building Physics and Services, Section for Building Design,
Department of Informatics and Mathematical Modeling, Mathematical Statistics, Section for Indoor Environment, Energi og miljø
Authors: Christensen, J. E. (Intern), Karlshøj, J. (Intern), Bacher, P. (Intern), Johnsen, K. (Forskerdatabase), Olesen, B.
W. (Intern), Rode, C. (Intern), Heller, A. (Intern)
Publication date: 2012
Approach for a joint global registration agency for research data

The scientific and information communities have largely mastered the presentation of, and linkages between, text-based electronic information by assigning persistent identifiers to give scientific literature unique identities and accessibility. Knowledge, as published through scientific literature, is often the last step in a process originating from scientific research data. Today scientists are using simulation, observational, and experimentation techniques that yield massive quantities of research data. These data are analyzed, synthesized, interpreted, and the outcome of this process is generally published as a scientific article. Access to the original data as the foundation of knowledge has become an important issue throughout the world and different projects have started to find solutions. Global collaboration and scientific advances could be accelerated through broader access to scientific research data. In other words, data access could be revolutionized through the same technologies used to make textual literature accessible. The most obvious opportunity to broaden visibility of and access to research data is to integrate its access into the medium where it is most often cited: electronic textual information. Besides this opportunity, it is important, irrespective of where they are cited, for research data to have an internet identity. Since 2005, the German National Library of Science and Technology (TIB) has offered a successful Digital Object Identifier (DOI) registration service for persistent identification of research data. In this white paper we discuss the possibilities to open this registration to a global consortium of information institutes and libraries.
Since 2005, the German National Library of Science and Technology (TIB) has offered a successful Digital Object Identifier (DOI) registration service for persistent identification of research data. In 2009, TIB, the British Library, the Library of the ETH Zurich, the French Institute for Scientific and Technical Information (INIST), the Technical Information Center of Denmark, Canada Institute for Scientific and Technical Information (CISTI) the Australien National Data Service (ANDS) and the Dutch TU Delft Library all signed a Memorandum of Understanding to improve access to research data on the internet. The goal of this cooperation is to establish a not-for-profit agency called DataCite that enables organisations to register research datasets and assign persistent identifiers to them, so that research datasets can be handled as independent, citable, unique scientific objects.

**DataCite - A Global Registration Agency for Research Data**

Since 2005, the German National Library of Science and Technology (TIB) has offered a successful Digital Object Identifier (DOI) registration service for persistent identification of research data. In 2009, TIB, the British Library, the Library of the ETH Zurich, the French Institute for Scientific and Technical Information (INIST), the Technical Information Center of Denmark, Canada Institute for Scientific and Technical Information (CISTI) the Australien National Data Service (ANDS) and the Dutch TU Delft Library all signed a Memorandum of Understanding to improve access to research data on the internet. The goal of this cooperation is to establish a not-for-profit agency called DataCite that enables organisations to register research datasets and assign persistent identifiers to them, so that research datasets can be handled as independent, citable, unique scientific objects.

**General information**

State: Published
Organisations: Technical Information Center of Denmark
Authors: Heller, A. (Intern)
Number of pages: 4
Pages: 257-261
Publication date: 2009

**Host publication information**

Title of host publication: Proceedings : 4. International Conference on Cooperation and Promotion of Information Resources in Science and Technology
Volume: 1
Place of publication: Beijing, China
Publisher: IEEE Computer Society Press
ISBN (Print): 978-0-7695-3898-3
Fedora Content Modelling for Improved Services for Research Databases
A re-implementation of the research database of the Technical University of Denmark, DTU, is based on Fedora. The backbone consists of content models for primary and secondary entities and their relationships, giving flexible and powerful extraction capabilities for interoperability and reporting. By adopting such an abstract data model, the platform enables new and improved services for researchers, librarians and administrators.

Numeric Data: Citation Techniques and Integration with Text

Præsentation af forskningsdatabaserегистreringssystemet ORBIT
Fedora, DSpace og de andre: Kort gennemgang af Open Source arkivsoftware - bl.a. til brug for "Institutional Repositories"

General information
State: Published
Organisations: Center of Knowledge Technology, Technical Information Center of Denmark
Authors: Heller, A. (Intern)
Pages: 4-6
Publication date: 2005
Main Research Area: Technical/natural sciences

Publication information
Journal: DF Revy
ISSN (Print): 0106-0503
Original language: Danish
Source: orbit
Source-ID: 182989
Publication: Communication › Journal article – Annual report year: 2005

Local research data registration for improved visibility, reusability and promotion

General information
State: Published
Organisations: Technical Information Center of Denmark
Authors: Heller, A. (Intern)
Publication date: 2005

Publication information
Original language: English
Main Research Area: Technical/natural sciences
Source: orbit
Source-ID: 181261
Publication: Communication › Journal article – Annual report year: 2005

Introduction to the Solar Heating Simulation Program PROSOL

General information
State: Published
Organisations: Department of Civil Engineering
Authors: Heller, A. (Intern)
Publication date: 2004

Publication information
Original language: English
Main Research Area: Technical/natural sciences
Source: orbit
Source-ID: 116813
Publication: Research › Report – Annual report year: 2004

Heat-load modelling for large systems

General information
State: Published
Organisations: Section for Building Physics and Services, Department of Civil Engineering
Authors: Heller, A. (Intern)
Pages: 371-387
Publication date: 2002
Main Research Area: Technical/natural sciences
Udvikling af flydende lågkonstruktioner til damvarmelagre. Løsning: tyndpladestål

General information
State: Published
Organisations: Department of Civil Engineering, NIRAS A/S
Authors: Heller, A. (Intern), Wesenberg, C. (Ekstern), Hansen, A. (Ekstern)
Publication date: 2002

Publication information
Publisher: DTU Byg, Danmarks Tekniske Universitet
ISBN (Print): 87-7877-092-0
Original language: Danish
Series: BYG Rapport
Number: R-033
Main Research Area: Technical/natural sciences
Electronic versions: byg-r033.pdf
Links:
Source: orbit
Source-ID: 61749
Publication: Research › Report – Annual report year: 2002

Udvikling af flydende lågkonstruktioner til damvarmelagre. Løsning i tyndpladestål

General information
State: Published
Organisations: Department of Civil Engineering
Authors: Heller, A. (Intern), Wesenberg, C. (Ekstern), Hansen, Å. (Ekstern)
Publication date: 2002

Publication information
Original language: Danish
Main Research Area: Technical/natural sciences
Source: orbit
Source-ID: 63940
Publication: Research › Report – Annual report year: 2002

Large Scale Solar Heating: Evaluation, Modelling and Designing
The main objective of the research was to evaluate large-scale solar heating connected to district heating (CSDHP), to build up a simulation tool and to demonstrate the application of the simulation tool for design studies and on a local energy planning case.

The evaluation was mainly carried out based on measurements on the Marstal plant, Denmark, and through comparison with published and unpublished data from other plants.

Evaluations on the thermal, economical and environmental performance are reported, based on experiences from the last decade.

For detailed designing, a computer simulation model is designed and validated on the Marstal case. Applying the Danish Reference Year, a design tool is presented.

The simulation tool is used for proposals for application of alternative designs, including high-performance solar collector types (trough solar collectors, vacuum pipe collectors).

Simulation programs are proposed as control supporting tool for daily operation and performance prediction of central solar heating plants.

Finally the CSHP technology is put into perspective with respect to alternatives and a short discussion on the barriers and breakthrough of the technology are given.

General information
State: Published
Organisations: Department of Buildings and Energy, Section for Building Physics and Services, Department of Civil Engineering
Højtemperatursofanger til solvarmecentraler: Introduktion til kaskadefelter

General information
State: Published
Organisations: Department of Civil Engineering
Authors: Heller, A. (Intern)
Publication date: 2001

Publication information
ISBN (Print): 87-7877-079-3
Original language: Danish
Series: BYG Rapport
Number: R-014
Main Research Area: Technical/natural sciences
Electronic versions:
byg-r014.pdf
Links:
http://www.byg.dtu.dk/publications/rapporter/byg-r014.pdf
Source: orbit
Source-ID: 61780
Publication: Research - peer-review › Report – Annual report year: 2001

Højtemperatursofanger til solvarmecentraler: Indledende sammenligninger

General information
State: Published
Organisations: Department of Civil Engineering
Authors: Heller, A. (Intern), Vejen, N. K. (Intern)
Publication date: 2001

Publication information
ISBN (Print): 87-7877-078-5
Original language: Danish
Series: BYG Rapport
Number: R-013
Main Research Area: Technical/natural sciences
Electronic versions:
byg-r013.pdf
Links:
Source: orbit
Source-ID: 61782
Publication: Research - peer-review › Report – Annual report year: 2001

Notat vedr. afstand mellem lukkede, murede ildsteder til brændbart materiale - Et oplæg til diskussion om revision af bygningsreglementet

General information
State: Published
Organisations: Department of Civil Engineering
Authors: Heller, A. (Intern)
Publication date: 2001

Publication information
Original language: Danish
Main Research Area: Technical/natural sciences
Source: orbit
Source-ID: 63896
15 Years of R&D in Central Solar Heating in Denmark

Danish R&D activities during the last two decades in the field of Central Solar Heating Plants and Thermal Energy Storage Technologies are presented. The most relevant central solar heating plants (CSHPs), with and without seasonal storage, are examined and essential experiences highlighted. The Saltum and Ry plants represent the type of CSHPs with preheating the return stream of a district heating net and no storage involved. The Marstal plant represents an alternative approach, connecting the CSHP to the delivery pipe for summer operation. Here the plant involves short-term storage and the application of variable flow that lead to novelties in the control strategy. The plant is described and experiences are analysed. The presented cases show that the technology, under special conditions, can be economically competitive with other heating technologies. Under normal conditions, public funding and acceptance of higher energy price are necessary. Further technical development and push towards a market is required. Especially the development of economical storage
technologies is decisive. Work with steel tanks, concrete tanks, aquifer storage, bore hole storage and most importantly, from a Danish view, pit water storage is presented and conclusions are drawn. R&D in the field of CSHPs call for international co-operation, knowledge transfer and not least financing. The structural and political climate that shapes the boundaries of the R&D activities and also makes up the dominant barrier for the dissemination of CSHPs is discussed. Conclusions are drawn and future work outlined.

**General information**

State: Published
Organisations: Department of Buildings and Energy
Authors: Heller, A. (Intern)
Pages: 437-447
Publication date: 2000
Main Research Area: Technical/natural sciences

**Publication information**

Journal: Solar Energy
Volume: 69
Issue number: 6
ISSN (Print): 0038-092X
Ratings:

- BFI (2017): BFI-level 1
- Web of Science (2017): Indexed yes
- BFI (2016): BFI-level 1
- Scopus rating (2016): CiteScore 4.52 SJR 1.547 SNIP 1.748
- Web of Science (2016): Indexed yes
- BFI (2015): BFI-level 1
- Scopus rating (2015): SJR 1.974 SNIP 2.143 CiteScore 4.61
- Web of Science (2015): Indexed yes
- BFI (2014): BFI-level 1
- Scopus rating (2014): SJR 2.014 SNIP 2.704 CiteScore 4.77
- Web of Science (2014): Indexed yes
- BFI (2013): BFI-level 1
- Scopus rating (2013): SJR 2.058 SNIP 2.92 CiteScore 4.44
- ISI indexed (2013): ISI indexed yes
- Web of Science (2013): Indexed yes
- BFI (2012): BFI-level 1
- Scopus rating (2012): SJR 1.655 SNIP 2.55 CiteScore 3.65
- ISI indexed (2012): ISI indexed yes
- Web of Science (2012): Indexed yes
- BFI (2011): BFI-level 1
- Scopus rating (2011): SJR 1.326 SNIP 2.223 CiteScore 3.19
- ISI indexed (2011): ISI indexed yes
- Web of Science (2011): Indexed yes
- BFI (2010): BFI-level 1
- Scopus rating (2010): SJR 1.419 SNIP 2.161
- Web of Science (2010): Indexed yes
- BFI (2009): BFI-level 1
- Scopus rating (2009): SJR 1.301 SNIP 2.158
- Web of Science (2009): Indexed yes
- BFI (2008): BFI-level 1
- Scopus rating (2008): SJR 1.693 SNIP 2.007
- Web of Science (2008): Indexed yes
- Scopus rating (2007): SJR 1.708 SNIP 2.101
- Web of Science (2007): Indexed yes
- Scopus rating (2006): SJR 1.645 SNIP 2.278
- Web of Science (2006): Indexed yes
- Scopus rating (2005): SJR 1.27 SNIP 1.577
Advances In Large-Scale Solar Heating and Long Term Storage in Denmark

According to (the) information from the European Large-Scale Solar Heating Network, (See http://www.hvac.chalmers.se/cshp/), the area of installed solar collectors for large-scale application is in Europe, approximately 8 mill m², corresponding to about 4000 MW thermal power. The 11 plants of the total 51 plants are equipped with long-term storage. In Denmark, 7 plants are installed, comprising of approx. 18,000-m² collector area with new plants planned. The development of these plants and the involved technologies will be presented in this paper, with a focus on the improvements for Danish Central Solar Heating Plants, servicing District Heating and related developments in large-scale thermal storage. Central solar heating today is a mature and economic realistic solution for district heating based on a renewable source. The cost for solar collectors has decreased by nearly ¼ during the last 10 years and the corresponding cost per collector area for the final installed plant is kept constant, even so the solar production is increased. Unfortunately large-scale seasonal storage was not able to keep up with the advances in solar technology, at least for pit water and gravel storage technologies. There are severe problems with the tightening of pit and lid constructions. First solutions applying thin stainless steel liners are found and demonstrated for pit lining. Similar solutions based on polymer liners are many times cheaper, but seem not reliable at the moment due to material degradation and resulting reduction of the lifetime. The improvements of polymer liners seem realistic and is expected to be solved in the coming years. Floating pit lid designs are in the phase of being tested this year and first results are expected soon.

General information
State: Published
Organisations: Department of Buildings and Energy
Authors: Heller, A. (Intern)
Number of pages: 7
Publication date: 2000

Host publication information
Title of host publication: Proceedings for EuroSun'2000
Main Research Area: Technical/natural sciences
Conference: Eurosun'2000 : European Solar Heating Conference, Copenhagen, Denmark, 01/01/2000
Electronic versions:
08_Alfred_Josef_Heller_Advances_in_Large_Scale_Solar_Heating_.pdf
Source: orbit
Source-ID: 184897
Publication: Research - peer-review › Article in proceedings – Annual report year: 2000

BEREGNINGS PROGRAMMER FOR SOLVARMEANLÆG. STATUS OG HANDLENINGSPLAN

General information
State: Published
Organisations: Department of Buildings and Energy, Danish Technological Institute
Authors: Furbo, S. (Intern), Heller, A. (Intern), Vejen, N. K. (Intern), Rahbeck, J. E. (Intern), Duer, K. (Intern), Shah, L. J. (Intern), Nielsen, J. E. (Ekstern), Bosanac, M. (Ekstern)
Number of pages: 36
Publication date: 2000

Publication information
Original language: Danish
Demand Modelling for Central Heating Systems

General information
State: Published
Organisations: Department of Buildings and Energy
Authors: Heller, A. (Intern)
Publication date: 2000

Publication information
Place of publication: Lyngby, Denmark
Publisher: Department of Buildings and Energy, Technical University of Denmark
ISBN (Print): 87-7877-042-4
Original language: English

Series: Report
Number: R-040
Main Research Area: Technical/natural sciences
Electronic versions:
ibe_r040_2000_Demand_modelling_for_central_heating_systems.pdf

Development of Seasonal Storage in Denmark: Status of Storage Programme 1997-2000

General information
State: Published
Organisations: Department of Buildings and Energy
Authors: Heller, A. (Intern)
Pages: 47-52
Publication date: 2000

Host publication information
Title of host publication: Terrastock 2000, Proceedings
Place of publication: Stuttgart, Germany
Publisher: University of Stuttgart
Main Research Area: Technical/natural sciences
Conference: Terrastock 2000, 8th International Conference on Thermal Energy Storage, Stuttgart, Germany, 01/01/2000
Electronic versions:
Terrastock_2000_Development_of_Seasonal_Storage_in_Denmark.pdf

Pit Water Storage Ottrupgaard: A follow up

General information
State: Published
Organisations: Department of Buildings and Energy
Authors: Heller, A. (Intern)
Pages: 267-274
Publication date: 2000

Host publication information
Title of host publication: Terrastock 2000, Proceedings
Place of publication: Stuttgart, Germany
Publisher: Stuttgart University
Main Research Area: Technical/natural sciences
Conference: Terrastock 2000, 8th International Conference on Thermal Energy Storage, Stuttgart, Germany, 01/01/2000
BEREGNINGSPROGRAMMER FOR SOLVARMEANLÆG. STATUS

General information
State: Published
Organisations: Department of Buildings and Energy, Danish Technological Institute
Authors: Furbo, S. (Intern), Heller, A. (Intern), Vejen, N. K. (Intern), Rahbeck, J. E. (Intern), Duer, K. (Intern), Shah, L. J. (Intern), Nielsen, J. E. (Ekstern), Bosanac, M. (Ekstern)
Number of pages: 35
Publication date: 1999

Publication information
Original language: Danish
Main Research Area: Technical/natural sciences
Source: orbit
Source-ID: 176018
Publication: Research - peer-review › Article in proceedings – Annual report year: 2000

Brugervejledning til solvarmesimuleringsprogram PROSOL

General information
State: Published
Organisations: Department of Buildings and Energy
Authors: Heller, A. (Intern)
Number of pages: 9
Publication date: 1999

Publication information
Original language: Danish
Main Research Area: Technical/natural sciences
Source: orbit
Source-ID: 173786
Publication: Research - peer-review › Report – Annual report year: 1999

Optimisation of Control Strategy at the Central Solar Heating Plant in Marstal, Denmark

General information
State: Published
Organisations: Department of Buildings and Energy
Authors: Heller, A. (Intern)
Number of pages: 38
Publication date: 1999

Publication information
Original language: Danish
Main Research Area: Technical/natural sciences
Source: orbit
Source-ID: 173616
Publication: Research - peer-review › Report – Annual report year: 1999

Solvarmecentraler

General information
State: Published
Organisations: Department of Buildings and Energy
Authors: Heller, A. (Intern)
Number of pages: 17
Publication date: 1999

Publication information
Store Lagre 5: Rapport fra etablering af jordslangelager i Marstal

**General information**
State: Published
Organisations: Department of Buildings and Energy, Marstal Fjernvarme A/S, Geoteknisk Institut, Plastconsult, Rambøll Danmark A/S, PlanEnergi
Authors: Åge, J. N. (Ekstern), Leo, H. (Ekstern), Mogens, P. (Ekstern), Brink, C. J. (Ekstern), Heller, A. (Intern), Uffe, N. (Ekstern), Flemming, U. (Ekstern), Leif, T. (Ekstern), Alex, S. P. (Ekstern)
Number of pages: 200
Publication date: 1999

**Publication information**
Original language: Danish
Main Research Area: Technical/natural sciences
Source: orbit
Source-ID: 175858
Publication: Research - peer-review › Report – Annual report year: 1999

The Marstal Central Solar Heating Plant: Design and Evaluation

**General information**
State: Published
Organisations: Department of Buildings and Energy, Chalmers University of Technology
Authors: Heller, A. (Intern), Jochen, D. (Ekstern)
Publication date: 1999

**Host publication information**
Title of host publication: The Marstal Central Solar Heating Plant
Place of publication: Jerusalem
Main Research Area: Technical/natural sciences
Conference: ISES 1999 Solar World Congress, Jerusalem, Israel, 04/07/1999 - 04/07/1999
Source: orbit
Source-ID: 173620
Publication: Research - peer-review › Article in proceedings – Annual report year: 1999

Warm water pit storages wit floating lid/Erdbeckenspeicher mit schwimmender Abdeckung - Eine Übersicht

**General information**
State: Published
Organisations: Department of Buildings and Energy
Authors: Heller, A. (Intern), Maureschat, G. (Intern), Duer, K. (Intern)
Pages: 109-114
Publication date: 1998

**Host publication information**
Title of host publication: Statusbericht '98. Solarunterstützte Nahwärmeversorgung. Saisonale Wärmespeicherung
Place of publication: Stuttgart, Germany
Main Research Area: Technical/natural sciences
Conference: Solarunterstützte Nahwärmeversorgung - Saisonale Wärmespeicherung, Neckarsulm, Germany, 01/01/1998
Source: orbit
Source-ID: 170928
Publication: Research › Article in proceedings – Annual report year: 1998

Experimental investigation on heat transport in gravel-sand materials.

**General information**
First Experience from the World Largest fully commercial Solar Heating Plant

General information
State: Published
Organisations: Department of Buildings and Energy
Authors: Heller, A. (Intern), Furbo, S. (Intern)
Publication date: 1997

Host publication information
Title of host publication: First Experience from the World Largest fully commercial Solar Heating Plant
Place of publication: Taegon
Main Research Area: Technical/natural sciences
Source: orbit
Source-ID: 168917
Publication: Research - peer-review › Article in proceedings – Annual report year: 1997

Floating Lid Constructions for Large Pit Water Heat Storage

General information
State: Published
Organisations: Department of Buildings and Energy
Authors: Heller, A. (Intern)
Pages: 503-508
Publication date: 1997

Host publication information
Title of host publication: Proceeding of Megastock'97
Volume: 1
Main Research Area: Technical/natural sciences
Conference: 7th International Conference on Thermal Energy Storage, Sapporo, Japan, 18/06/1997 - 18/06/1997
Source: orbit
Source-ID: 184894
Publication: Research - peer-review › Article in proceedings – Annual report year: 1997

Floating Lid Constructions for Pit Water Storage: A Survey.

General information
State: Published
Organisations: Department of Buildings and Energy
Authors: Heller, A. (Intern)
Number of pages: 22
Publication date: 1997

Publication information
Original language: English
Main Research Area: Technical/natural sciences
Source: orbit
Source-ID: 164998
Publication: Research - peer-review › Report – Annual report year: 1997
Investigation on Floating Lid Construction, pit Water Storage, Ottrupgaard, Denmark.

**General information**
State: Published
Organisations: Department of Buildings and Energy
Authors: Heller, A. (Intern)
Number of pages: 61
Publication date: 1997

**Publication information**
Publisher: Department of Buildings and Energy, Technical University of Denmark
ISBN (Print): 87-7877-009-2
Original language: English
Main Research Area: Technical/natural sciences
Electronic versions:
ibe_r010_1997_Investigation_on_floating_lid_construction.pdf
Source: orbit
Source-ID: 164995
Publication: Research - peer-review › Report – Annual report year: 1997

Megastock'97 Kongres, Juni, 1997, Sapporo, Japan

**General information**
State: Published
Organisations: Department of Buildings and Energy
Authors: Heller, A. (Intern)
Number of pages: 20
Publication date: 1997

**Publication information**
Original language: English
Main Research Area: Technical/natural sciences
Source: orbit
Source-ID: 169068
Publication: Research - peer-review › Report – Annual report year: 1997

Investigation on Kombiterm GE Domestic Hot Water Tank.: Performance Measurements and Calculations.

**General information**
State: Published
Organisations: Department of Buildings and Energy
Authors: Heller, A. (Intern), Heuer, A. W. (Intern)
Number of pages: 16
Publication date: 1996

**Publication information**
Original language: Danish
Main Research Area: Technical/natural sciences
Source: orbit
Source-ID: 164956
Publication: Research - peer-review › Report – Annual report year: 1996


**General information**
State: Published
Organisations: Department of Buildings and Energy
Authors: Heller, A. (Intern)
Number of pages: 60
Publication date: 1996

**Publication information**
Papers presented at EuroSun'96 Congress 1996 in Freiburg, Germany.

General information
State: Published
Organisations: Department of Buildings and Energy
Authors: Furbo, S. (Intern), Heller, A. (Intern), Shah, L. J. (Intern), Svendsen, S. (Intern), Saxhof, B. (Intern), Thomsen, K. E. (Intern)
Publication date: 1996

Publication information
Original language: English
Main Research Area: Technical/natural sciences
Source: orbit
Source-ID: 164824
Publication: Research - peer-review › Report – Annual report year: 1996


General information
State: Published
Organisations: Department of Buildings and Energy
Authors: Heller, A. (Intern)
Number of pages: 20
Publication date: 1996

Publication information
Original language: Danish
Main Research Area: Technical/natural sciences
Source: orbit
Source-ID: 164981
Publication: Research - peer-review › Report – Annual report year: 1996

Projects:

Smart Cities Accellerator
European Interreg Project with 6 municipality implementing the research findings of the CITIES project in cooperation with other universities in the area Copenhagen, Southern Sweden.
Centre for IT-Intelligent Energy Systems in Cities
Department of Civil Engineering
Department of Applied Mathematics and Computer Science
Department of Management Engineering
Period: 20/04/2018 → 20/07/2018
Number of participants: 3
Acronym: SCA
Project participant:
Heller, Alfred (Intern)
Nielsen, Per Sieverts (Intern)
Project Manager, academic:
Madsen, Henrik (Intern)
Project

Building clusters and their impact on flexibility when including the prosumer aspect
Building clusters and their impact on flexibility when including the prosumer aspect

Department of Civil Engineering
Period: 01/10/2016 → 30/09/2019
Number of participants: 2
PhD Student:
Larma, Marijana (Ekstern)
Main Supervisor:
Heller, Alfred (Intern)

Financing sources
Source: Internal funding (public)
Name of research programme: Forskningsrådsfinansiering
Project: PhD

Science Cloud for Cities
A Deic/Deff project developing a science cloud for research (in cities).
Centre for IT-Intelligent Energy Systems in Cities
Department of Civil Engineering
Department of Management Engineering
Aarhus University
University of Southern Denmark
Aalborg University
Period: 01/09/2016 → 16/12/2017
Number of participants: 3
Project participant:
Nielsen, Per Sieverts (Intern)
Madsen, Henrik (Intern)
Project Manager, academic:
Heller, Alfred (Intern)

Thermal Smart Grid - Innovation project under INNO-SE
First investigation on the development of a thermal smart grid for the company GeoDrilling. Innovation project under INNO-SE, CLEAN.
Department of Civil Engineering
Section for Building Energy
Centre for IT-Intelligent Energy Systems in Cities
GeoDrilling
Period: 01/05/2016 → 31/12/2016
Number of participants: 1
borehole heat exchanger, heat pumps, system, innovation
Implementation of flexible operational schemes for buildings in a district with smart energy systems

Department of Civil Engineering
Period: 01/11/2015 → 31/10/2018
Number of participants: 4
Phd Student:
Luc, Katarzyna Marta (Intern)
Supervisor:
Andersen, Rune Korsholm (Intern)
Rode, Carsten (Intern)
Main Supervisor:
Heller, Alfred (Intern)

Financing sources
Source: Internal funding (public)
Name of research programme: Samfinansieret - Andet
Project: PhD

Udvikling af metode til integreret bæredygtigt design

Department of Civil Engineering
Period: 01/10/2015 → 30/09/2018
Number of participants: 4
Phd Student:
Landgren, Mathilde (Intern)
Supervisor:
Jensen, Lotte Bjerregaard (Intern)
Kiesslinger, Jørn (Ekstern)
Main Supervisor:
Heller, Alfred (Intern)

Financing sources
Source: Internal funding (public)
Name of research programme: Industrial PhD
Project: PhD

Models for flexible operation of buildings in district energy system Nordhavn

Department of Civil Engineering
Section for Indoor Climate and Building Physics
Section for Building Energy
Period: 15/09/2015 → ...
Number of participants: 3
Phd Student:
Foteinaki, Kyriaki (Intern)
Supervisor:
Heller, Alfred (Intern)
Main Supervisor:
Rode, Carsten (Intern)

Models for flexible operation of buildings in district energy system Nordhavn

Department of Civil Engineering
Assessment and Optimization Methods for Implementation of Energy Strategies in Communities

Department of Civil Engineering
Period: 15/02/2015 → 17/03/2018
Number of participants: 4
PhD Student:
Petersen, Jens-Phillip (Intern)
Supervisor:
Heller, Alfred (Intern)
Kolarik, Jakub (Intern)
Main Supervisor:
Rode, Carsten (Intern)

Financing sources
Source: Internal funding (public)
Name of research programme: Samfinansieret - Andet
Project: PhD

Buildings for Smart Energy Cities

Centre for IT-Intelligent Energy Systems in Cities
Department of Civil Engineering
Section for Indoor Climate and Building Physics
Department of Management Engineering
Systems Analysis
DTU Climate Centre
Energy Systems Analysis
Section for Building Energy
Period: 15/09/2014 → 15/09/2017
Number of participants: 4
PhD Student:
Gianniou, Panagiota (Intern)
Supervisor:
Nielsen, Per Sieverts (Intern)
Heller, Alfred (Intern)
Main Supervisor:
Rode, Carsten (Intern)
Project

Buildings for Smart Energy Cities

Department of Civil Engineering
Period: 15/09/2014 → 14/12/2017
Number of participants: 4
Phd Student:
Gianniou, Panagiota (Intern)
Supervisor:
Heller, Alfred (Intern)
Nielsen, Per Sieverts (Intern)
Main Supervisor:
Rode, Carsten (Intern)

Financing sources
Source: Internal funding (public)
Name of research programme: Samfinansieret - Andet
Project: PhD

Innovationsnetwork Smart Energy (CLEAN)
Innovation network under CLEAN for smart energy innovation activities.

Department of Civil Engineering
Section for Building Physics and Services
Department of Applied Mathematics and Computer Science
Centre for IT-Intelligent Energy Systems in Cities
Period: 15/08/2014 → 31/12/2017
Number of participants: 2
Acronym: Inno-SE
Project participant:
Heller, Alfred (Intern)
Madsen, Henrik (Intern)

IEA EBC Annex 67 - Energy Flexible Buildings
Energy flexibility in buildings will play an important role in facilitating energy systems based entirely on renewable energy sources. Flexibility is necessary to control the energy consumption to match the actual energy generation from various energy sources such as solar and wind power. However, there is lack of comprehensive knowledge about how much energy flexibility different building types and their usage may be able to offer to the future energy systems.

The aim of this project is to demonstrate how energy flexibility in buildings can provide generating capacity for energy grids, and to identify critical aspects and possible solutions to manage such flexibility. This knowledge is important in order to incorporate energy flexibility of buildings into future smart energy systems and to better accommodate renewable sources in energy systems. It is also important when developing the business case for using building energy flexibility within future systems to potentially reduce costly upgrades of energy distribution grids.

The project objectives are:
– development of common terminology, a definition of 'energy flexibility in buildings' and a classification method,
– investigation of user comfort, motivation and acceptance associated with the introduction of energy flexibility in buildings,
– investigation of the energy flexibility potential in different buildings and contexts, and development of design guidelines, control strategies and algorithms
– investigation of the aggregated energy flexibility of buildings and the potential effect on energy grids, and
– demonstration of energy flexibility through experimental and field studies.

Participants: Austria, Belgium, Denmark, France, Italy, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Switzerland, United Kingdom

Centre for IT-Intelligent Energy Systems in Cities
Department of Civil Engineering
Department of Applied Mathematics and Computer Science
Period: 01/06/2014 → 01/06/2019
Number of participants: 4
Project ID: 26461
Project participant:
A wide range of research activities have arisen to support the Danish target of a 100% renewable energy system by 2050. Projects focused on individual aspects of the energy system, such as zero emissions buildings or intelligent power systems provide valuable insight, that facilitates flexibility throughout the energy system. CITIES will address this deficiency by establishing an integrated research centre covering all aspects of the energy system, including gas, power, district heating/cooling and biomass, and most importantly methods to forecast, control and optimize their interactions through the use of advanced ICT solutions.

The high densities of population, energy consumption, and energy and communications networks in cities offer the greatest potential for flexibility at the last cost, and the fact that cities account for 80% of global energy consumption and emissions [1] make the urban environment an ideal setting for energy systems integration research. CITIES will pioneer research into fully integrated city energy systems, building short-term operational models that feed longer term planning models, considering the spatiotemporal variations, interactions, dynamics and stochastics in the energy system. Low level models of system components will inform higher-level aggregate models employed in market and control framework design. The leading position of European academia and industry and the rapidly growing market for smart energy solutions indicates substantial scope for increased competitiveness and job creation within this field. CITIES will, in collaboration with its industrial and academic partners, conduct research with a view to developing tools for the implementation of integrated energy system solutions.

Center for IT-Intelligent Energy Systems for Cities

A wide range of research activities have arisen to support the Danish target of a 100% renewable energy system by 2050. Projects focused on individual aspects of the energy system, such as zero emissions buildings or intelligent power systems provide valuable insight, that facilitates flexibility throughout the energy system. CITIES will address this deficiency by establishing an integrated research centre covering all aspects of the energy system, including gas, power, district heating/cooling and biomass, and most importantly methods to forecast, control and optimize their interactions through the use of advanced ICT solutions.

The high densities of population, energy consumption, and energy and communications networks in cities offer the greatest potential for flexibility at the last cost, and the fact that cities account for 80% of global energy consumption and emissions [1] make the urban environment an ideal setting for energy systems integration research. CITIES will pioneer research into fully integrated city energy systems, building short-term operational models that feed longer term planning models, considering the spatiotemporal variations, interactions, dynamics and stochastics in the energy system. Low level models of system components will inform higher-level aggregate models employed in market and control framework design. The leading position of European academia and industry and the rapidly growing market for smart energy solutions indicates substantial scope for increased competitiveness and job creation within this field. CITIES will, in collaboration with its industrial and academic partners, conduct research with a view to developing tools for the implementation of integrated energy system solutions.

Center granted by Strategic Research Council.

To be a sustainable organisation.

Department of Applied Mathematics and Computer Science
Department of Civil Engineering
Department of Management Engineering
Department of Energy Conversion and Storage
Department of Informatics and Mathematical Modeling
Centre for IT-Intelligent Energy Systems in Cities

Aalborg University
Period: 01/01/2014 → 31/12/2019
Number of participants: 8

Strategic
Acronym: CITIES
Number of related Ph.D. students: 12
Project participant:
Madsen, Henrik (Intern)
Heller, Alfred (Intern)
Nielsen, Per Sieverts (Intern)
Pedersen, Allan Schrøder (Intern)
Rode, Carsten (Intern)
Pinson, Pierre (Intern)
Jørgensen, John Bagterp (Intern)

Project Manager, organisational:
Herrmann, Ivan Tengbjerg (Intern)

Financing sources
Source: Forskningsrådene - Andre
Name of research programme: Energy Programme
Amount: 44.00 Danish Kroner
Year of approval: 2013

Relations
Activities:
Energy Supply Modelling in Cities: Illustrated Using Data from the Danish Municipality of Sønderborg
Big Data som værktøj til at styre byens energi

Executive Development Programme with Technical University of Denmark

Big Data as a tool for controlling the cities energy: Data aspects and data management

3rd International Workshop on Design in Civil and Environmental Engineering

Status and Results of Energy Supply Modelling in CITIES: Illustrated using Data from the Case of Sønderborg

CITIES Annual Conference

Publications:

Model Identification for Control of Display Units in Supermarket Refrigeration Systems

Project

Wireless sensor networks applied in the building sector
Can we improve the building industry by introducing wireless sensor networks in the building life cycle? What requirements does the technology meets? What are the limitation of the technology?

Department of Civil Engineering

Section for Building Physics and Services
Period: 01/10/2013 → 31/12/2014
Number of participants: 3
Project participant:

Heller, Alfred (Intern)
Kotol, Martin (Intern)
Torbensen, Rune (Ekstern)

Financing sources
Source: Private funding (private)
Name of research programme: Bjarne Saxhof Fond
Amount: 504,00 Danish Kroner
Year of approval: 2013

Relations
Activities:
Introduction of flexible monitoring equipment into the Greenlandic building sector

Project

IEA EBC Annex 63 - Implementation of Energy Strategies in Communities
The outcomes from previously completed projects on energy optimization at a community scale showed that the transformation of approaches suitable for buildings to communities needs more than simply an up-scaling of individual building solutions. This newly approved project will therefore focus on development of standards for implementation of optimized energy strategies at the scale of communities. The project objectives will be

- Development of a methodology for the effective translation of a city’s energy / CO2 reduction goals to the community scale
  – Optimization of policy instruments for the integration of energy / CO2 reduction goals into ordinary urban planning,
  – Development of new techniques for stakeholder cooperation along with holistic business models, and
  – Creation of methods for the monitoring and evaluation of both energy-related criteria, as well as the effectiveness of policy instruments.

The target audiences will primarily be government and urban decision makers and urban planning departments.

Participants: Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, France, Ireland, Japan, the Netherlands, Switzerland, USA

Centre for IT-Intelligent Energy Systems in Cities
Department of Civil Engineering

Section for Building Energy
Period: 01/06/2013 → 01/06/2018
Number of participants: 3
Project participant:
Innovative Insulation Materials with Hygric Properties

Department of Civil Engineering
Period: 01/11/2012 → 28/02/2014
Number of participants: 3
Phd Student: Juhl, Lasse (Intern)
Supervisor: Heller, Alfred (Intern)
Main Supervisor: Rode, Carsten (Intern)

Financing sources
Source: Internal funding (public)
Name of research programme: Institut, samfinansiering
Project: PhD

Metode til planlægning af vidtgående energirenovering af enfamiliehuse

Department of Civil Engineering
Period: 01/10/2011 → 07/09/2017
Number of participants: 6
Phd Student: Grøn Bjørneboe, Matilde (Intern)
Supervisor: Heller, Alfred (Intern)
Main Supervisor: Svendsen, Svend (Intern)
Examiner: Nielsen, Toke Rammer (Intern)
Gustavsson, Leif (Ekstern)
Varming, Niels (Intern)

Financing sources
Source: Internal funding (public)
Name of research programme: Institut, samfinansiering

Relations
Publications:
Method for planning extensive energy renovation of detached single-family houses
Project: PhD

Climate Change and its Impact on Lifetime and Maintenance of Buildings

Department of Civil Engineering
Period: 15/08/2011 → 09/12/2015
Number of participants: 6
Phd Student: Cox, Rimante Andrasiuaitė (Intern)
Supervisor: Nielsen, Susanne Balslev (Intern)
Main Supervisor: Rode, Carsten (Intern)
Examiner: Heller, Alfred (Intern)
Financing sources
Source: Internal funding (public)
Name of research programme: Institut, samfinansiering
Project: PhD

Optimal Building Integration of district Heating Units

Department of Civil Engineering
Period: 01/10/2009 → 28/04/2014
Number of participants: 7
Phd Student:
Brand, Marek (Intern)
Supervisor:
Olesen, Bjarne W. (Intern)
Thorsen, Jan Eric (Intern)
Main Supervisor:
Svendsen, Svend (Intern)
Examiner:
Heller, Alfred (Intern)
Schmidt, Dietrich (Ekstern)
Vestergaard, Jens Brusgaard (Ekstern)

Financing sources
Source: Internal funding (public)
Name of research programme: Institut, samfinansiering
Project: PhD

low energy buildings and heat supply systems based on renewable energy

Department of Civil Engineering
Period: 01/03/2009 → 24/08/2012
Number of participants: 7
Phd Student:
Dalla Rosa, Alessandro (Intern)
Supervisor:
Christensen, Jørgen Erik (Intern)
Li, Hongwei (Intern)
Main Supervisor:
Svendsen, Svend (Intern)
Examiner:
Heller, Alfred (Intern)
Wiltshire, Robin (Ekstern)
Wollerstrand, Janusz (Ekstern)

Financing sources
Source: Internal funding (public)
Name of research programme: Institut, samfinansiering
Project: PhD

DRIVER-II: Networking European Scientific Repositories
Considered the largest initiative of its kind in helping to enhance repository development worldwide, DRIVER is a multi-phase effort whose vision and primary objective is to create a cohesive, robust and flexible, pan-European infrastructure for digital repositories, offering sophisticated services and functionalities for researchers, administrators and the general public. DRIVER has established a network of relevant experts and Open Access repositories. DRIVER-II will consolidate these efforts and transform the initial testbed into a fully functional, state-of-the art service, extending the network to a larger confederation of repositories. DRIVER is integral to the suite of electronic infrastructures that have emerged in the worldwide GEANT network and is hence funded under the e-Infrastructures call of the European Commission’s 7th framework programme. It aims to “… optimise the way the e-Infrastructure is used to store knowledge, add value to primary research data and information making secondary research more effective, provide a valuable asset for industry,
and help bridging research and education.”

Technical Information Center of Denmark

Goettingen State and University Library
Period: 01/12/2007 → 01/12/2009
Number of participants: 7
Contact person:
Sandfær, Mogens (Intern)
Heller, Alfred (Intern)

Project participant:
Neuroth, Heike (Ekstern)
Elbæk, Mikael Karstensen (Intern)
Pedersen, Gert Schmeltz (Intern)

Project Manager, organisational:
Lossau, Norbert (Ekstern)
Peters, Dale (Ekstern)

Financing sources
Source: Forsk. EU - Rammeprogram
Name of research programme: Forsk. EU - Rammeprogram
Amount: 20,000,000.00 Danish Kroner

Project

Marstal følgeprojekt til EU-projekt om udvidelse af solvarmecentralen i Marstal

Section for Building Physics and Services

Department of Civil Engineering

Teknologisk Institut
Period: 21/10/2001 → 31/12/2002
Number of participants: 1
Project Manager, organisational:
Heller, Alfred (Intern)

Financing sources
Source: Forskningsprojekter - Miljø- og Energimisteriet
Name of research programme: Forskningsprojekter - Miljø- og Energimisteriet
Amount: 250,000.00 Danish Kroner

Project

START-program: EU's 5. rammeprogram, ansøgning, Thematic Network

Department of Civil Engineering
Period: 28/06/2001 → 31/12/2001
Number of participants: 1
Project participant:
Heller, Alfred (Intern)

Financing sources
Source: Forskningsrådene - STVF
Name of research programme: Forskningsrådene - STVF
Amount: 100,000.00 Danish Kroner

Project

Videnshjemtagning og prøvning af højtemperatursolfangere

Department of Civil Engineering
Period: 19/10/2000 → 31/01/2002
Number of participants: 1
Project participant:
Heller, Alfred (Intern)
**Financing sources**
Source: Forskningsprojekter - Miljø- og Energiministeriet
Name of research programme: Forskningsprojekter - Miljø- og Energiministeriet
Amount: 180,000.00 Danish Kroner
Project

**Undersøgelse af masseovnes termiske egenskaber**
Section for Building Physics and Services
Department of Civil Engineering
Fornyet Energi ApS
Ovnbyggerlaug OLE
Period: 29/05/2000 → 31/12/2001
Number of participants: 1
Project Manager, organisational: Heller, Alfred (Intern)

**Financing sources**
Source: Forskningsprojekter - Miljø- og Energiministeriet
Name of research programme: Forskningsprojekter - Miljø- og Energiministeriet
Amount: 50,000.00 Danish Kroner
Project

**Lågkonstruktioner for damvarmelagre - Fase IV**
Section for Building Physics and Services
Department of Civil Engineering
NIRAS A/S
Plastconsult
PlanEnergi
Rambøll Danmark A/S
Marstal VVS Holding Aps
Jakobsen & Blindkilde A/S
Period: 01/01/2000 → 31/12/2002
Number of participants: 1
Project participant: Heller, Alfred (Intern)

**Financing sources**
Source: Forskningsprojekter - Miljø- og Energiministeriet
Name of research programme: Forskningsprojekter - Miljø- og Energiministeriet
Amount: 1,500,000.00 Danish Kroner
Project

**Solvarmeanlæg ved biomassefyrede fjernvarmecentraler**
Section for Building Physics and Services
Department of Civil Engineering
Rambøll Danmark A/S
Jørgen Bladt A/S
Period: 21/12/1999 → 31/10/2001
Number of participants: 1
Project Manager, organisational: Heller, Alfred (Intern)

**Financing sources**
Integration of solar heat storage in the ground floor.
In connection with making the building energy regulations more rigorous in Denmark in the year of 2005, it makes sense to apply solar heating in the methods for fulfilling the require-ments of the goal of Energy 21. In this case it is important to develop new applications which combine solar heating with integration of energy storage in new buildings. Using conventional floor constructions usable for saving of energy, there is a benefit in saving cost in connection with the establishment of the heat storage. This can influence the building sector to increase the spreading of this kind of solar heating applications. The main effort in the project concerns detailed combined calculations of the heat storage. These calculations will examine the following: 1) The actual heat losses to the ground in agreement with the code DS 418 appendix 4. 2) Heat transfer to air with an accurate determination of the temperature of the surface of the floor, which is important for the indoor climate in the building. 3) Active transmissions of heat from the collector to the floor which according to previous speculations of sand storage make the system more profitable. The storage will retrieve huge alternation effect, which is disposed as small effects over a long period in the floor heating system. This can have importance for the optimal control of the system. The optimal control depend former on the self adjustment mechanism given by the surface tempera-ture of the floor and next on the possibility of active transferring of heat from the storage to the floor and finely on benefit of heat for domestic water heating and comfort from heat in tile floor in bathrooms.

Department of Buildings and Energy
Teknologisk Institut
Period: 15/12/1999 → 01/01/2001
Number of participants: 4
Project participant:
Holck, Ole (Intern)
Heller, Alfred (Intern)
Duer, Karsten (Intern)
Project Manager, organisational:
Svendsen, Svend (Intern)

Financing sources
Source: Unknown
Name of research programme: Ukendt
Amount: 407,000.00 Danish Kroner
Project

Solar heating plants and bio-mass supplied district heating.
The purpose of the project is to establish a basis from which consultants can perform design outlines of solar heating plants in combination with bio-mass supplied district heating systems. The basis will be established by - analysing system designs - investigating various calculation models - determining realistic prices for different sizes of water storages - performing economical optimisation of system design.

Department of Buildings and Energy
Danish Technological Institute
Rambøll Danmark A/S
Jørgen Bladt A/S
Period: 01/12/1999 → 01/06/2000
Number of participants: 3
Project participant:
Heller, Alfred (Intern)
Furbo, Simon (Intern)
Project Manager, organisational:
Duer, Karsten (Intern)

Financing sources
Source: Unknown
Name of research programme: Ukendt
Amount: 407,000.00 Danish Kroner
Project
Måleprogram, jordslangelager i Marstal

Section for Building Physics and Services
Department of Civil Engineering
Marstal Fjernvarme A/S

PlanEnergi
Period: 21/06/1999 → 31/10/2001
Number of participants: 1
Project Manager, organisational:
Heller, Alfred (Intern)

Financing sources
Source: Forskningsprojekter - Miljø- og Energiministeriet
Name of research programme: Forskningsprojekter - Miljø- og Energiministeriet
Amount: 100,000.00 Danish Kroner
Project

Supplementary monitoring of Central Solar Heating Plant in Marstal, Denmark.
The Central Solar Heating Plant in Marstal, Denmark, is one of the largest of its kind. The plant consists of 9000 m² solar collectors, a steel tank of 2100 m³ and a 3700 m³ seasonal gravel-pipe storage. The plant has been monitored since 1996. The first analysis showed lack of data collected at the plant for research purposes. Hence a supplementary monitoring programme was carried out during the Summer 1999. A large amount of data has been collected about temperatures, mass and energy flows in the system, control values for the control system and much more. One collector row has been monitored in detail by measuring all the temperatures between the individual collector modules. One-minute intervals have been chosen for data collection. The data will be applied for a.o. computer simulation program validation in the Ph.D.-Thesis of the author.

Department of Buildings and Energy
Marstal District Heating A/S
Period: 01/05/1999 → 30/10/1999
Number of participants: 1
Project Manager, organisational:
Heller, Alfred (Intern)

Financing sources
Source: Unknown
Name of research programme: Ukendt
Amount: 81,000.00 Danish Kroner
Project

Experimental model for heat transfer between heat pipe and gravel storage.
The project is a basic study on the expected thermal behaviour of gravel storage initiated as a part of a research and demonstration gravel storage for seasonal heat storage. The goal of the investigation is to determine the heat transfer between heat pipes and sand-gravel storage media is carried out. A small size experiment is carried out consists of a highly insulated box filled with two kinds of sand material crossed by a plastic heat pipe. Heat transfer is measured under dry and water saturated conditions in one plane. The conclusions are clear. To obtain necessary heat conduction in sand-gravel material, the storage media is to be water saturated. In this case, handling of such material on site is rather complex. The conduction is highly dependent on the thermal properties of the storage media and so is the overall thermal performance of a storage applying such media. For sandy media no convectional heat transport is found. It would be relevant to extend the investigation to media that enables convectional heat transport. A last conclusion is that such experiments, necessary for proper designing of sand-gravel storage types, are a very cheap form of collecting information about the expected behaviour of large storage systems.

Department of Buildings and Energy
PlanEnergi
Geotechnical Institute
Period: 30/05/1997 → 24/07/1997
Number of participants: 2
Project participant:
Maureschat, Gerald (Intern)
Project Manager, organisational:
Heller, Alfred (Intern)

**Financing sources**
Source: Unknown
Name of research programme: **Ukendt**
Amount: **120,000.00 Danish Kroner**
Project

**Large-Scale Solar Heating**
Department of Civil Engineering
Period: **01/02/1997 → 09/04/2001**
Number of participants: **5**
Phd Student:
Heller, Alfred (Intern)
Supervisor:
Svendsen, Svend (Intern)
Main Supervisor:
Furbo, Simon (Intern)
Examiner:
Bøhm, Benny (Intern)
Lawaetz, Henrik (Intern)

**Financing sources**
Source: Internal funding (public)
Name of research programme: **DTU-Su Stipendium, Eksperiment**
Project: PhD

**Activities on solar heating systems**
The aim of the project is to further develop solar heating systems and components for solar heating systems. In cooperation with manufacturers within the solar energy branch different projects are carried out: -Investigation of efficiency and strength for a solar collector with a new cover plate in cooperation with Djurs Solvarme I/S. -Investigation of a hot water tank with a high heat exchanger spiral with a small pipe diameter in the upper part of the heat exchanger spiral and a large pipe diameter in the lower part of the heat exchanger spiral in cooperation with Kähler&Breum Beholder- og Maskinfabrik K/S. -Investigation of a low flow solar heating system for space heating and domestic hot water supply with a wood burner as the auxiliary energy supply system in cooperation with Aidt Miljø A/S. -Investigations of deformations of solar collectors caused by mechanical loads and by temperature variations. -Investigations of heat exchange capacity rates inside mantle tanks. -Measurements of the thermal performance of small SDHW systems in a laboratory test facility. -Investigation of how the time step of weather data will influence the calculated thermal performance of solar heating systems.

Department of Buildings and Energy
Period: **01/01/1996 → 31/12/1996**
Number of participants: **6**
Project participant:
Holck, Ole (Intern)
Vejen, Niels Kristian (Intern)
Nielsen, Lars Thomsen (Intern)
Shah, Louise Jivan (Intern)
Heller, Alfred (Intern)
Project Manager, organisational:
Furbo, Simon (Intern)

**Financing sources**
Source: Unknown
Name of research programme: **Ukendt**
Amount: **1,100,000.00 Danish Kroner**
Project
Monitoring for Project - Solar Heating in Ottrupgaard, Denmark.
Monitoring performance of seasonal pit water storage with hybrid liner of clay and plastic at Ottrupgaard, Denmark. The objective of the project is to investigate the performance and efficiency of the Ottrupgaard central solar heating, prove the applicability of the applied materials, obtain the heat losses and to verify the simulations made with the program SEASON SOL.

Department of Buildings and Energy
Department of Civil Engineering

PlanEnergi
Period: 01/07/1995 → 30/05/1997
Number of participants: 2
Project participant:
Maureschat, Gerald (Intern)
Project Manager, organisational:
Heller, Alfred (Intern)

Financing sources
Source: Unknown
Name of research programme: Ukendt
Amount: 422,000.00 Danish Kroner

Floating Lid Construction for Pit Water Storage - Phase I.
At Ottrupgaard, Denmark, a pit water heat store of 1,500 m³ and a lid area of about 700 m² are built for seasonal storage of a solar collector field of 560 m². The lid price is the largest component of a pit water store with a cost share of about 57%, more precisely 1,163 Dkr./m². The development of lid constructions is crucial for the development of pit water storage as it seems that the development of the other main component for large-scale solar heating, the solar collectors will not have a breakthrough in the near future. The Ottrupgaard lid design is basically a sandwich element construction of PUR-foam between two metallic covers. The elements are joint in situ by special steel profiles. A two-step sealing with silicone mass and bitumen-tape is applied to tighten the construction. The project is to find and evaluate a floating lid design at Ottrupgaard and give a survey of the known floating lid design for pit water storage.

Department of Buildings and Energy
Department of Civil Engineering
Nellemann Consultans
PlanEnergi
Plastconsult
ZW Energiteknik AB
Period: 01/06/1995 → 30/03/1997
Number of participants: 2
Project participant:
Jensen, Frank Frøsig (Intern)
Project Manager, organisational:
Heller, Alfred (Intern)

Financing sources
Source: Unknown
Name of research programme: Ukendt
Amount: 329,000.00 Danish Kroner

Traditional solar heating systems cover between 5 and 10% of the heat demand for domestic hot water and comfort heating. By applying storage capacity this share can be increased much. The Danish producer of solar heating systems, Aidt-Miljø, markets such a system including storage of dry sand heated by PP-pipe heat exchanger. Heat demand is reduced due to direct solar heating, and due to storage. The storage affects the heat demand passive due to higher temperatures. Hence heat loss is reduced and passive heating is optioned. In theory, by running the system flow backwards, active heating can be achieved. The objective of the project was to evaluate this system by measurement and simulation. Measurements on a low-energy building unfortunately gave rather poor results, simulations were carried out by the computer program EMGP3. The results of the project are among others: The system is rather simple. Much work can be self-made to keep the price down. The system is working, but heat exchange from plastic piping to sand is rather poor.
The dimensioning of the volume is rather difficult based on common knowledge. Passive heating, hence reduction of heat demand, due to the storage and especially due to the oversized solar collector area of the system, was achieved. Active heating from the sand storage was not observed. The pay-back time for the system can be estimated to be similar to solar heated domestic hot water systems in general. A number of minor improvements on the system could be pointed out.

Department of Buildings and Energy
Department of Civil Engineering

Aidt Miljø A/S
Period: 01/06/1995 → 31/12/1996
Number of participants: 2
Project participant:
Jensen, Frank Frøsig (Intern)
Project Manager, organisational:
Heller, Alfred (Intern)

Financing sources
Source: Unknown
Name of research programme: Ukendt
Amount: 349,000.00 Danish Kroner

Activities:

Presentation - Energy and Building Technology - A look into the future
Period: 30 Sep 2019
Alfred Heller (Guest lecturer)
Department of Civil Engineering

Description
Presentation of ideas for the future of building automation, cloud services, IoT and more

Documents:
CKI Conference DTU - sept 2017 - Next gen Building Tec (v2)

Related event
Siemens-DTU CKI conference 2017
19/09/2017 → …
Kgs. Lyngby, Denmark
Activity: Talks and presentations › Talks and presentations in private or public companies and organisations

High Tech Summit
Period: 20 Sep 2017 → 21 Sep 2017
Alfred Heller (Organizer)
Department of Civil Engineering
Centre for IT-Intelligent Energy Systems in Cities

Description
Organizer Smart Cities and Smart Buildings Tracks

Related event
High Tech Summit
20/09/2017 → 21/09/2017
Kongnes Lyngby, Denmark
Activity: Attending an event › Participating in or organising workshops, courses, seminars etc.

Smart Cities Day Vienna
Period: 2 May 2017 → 3 May 2017
Alfred Heller (Speaker)
Department of Civil Engineering
Centre for IT-Intelligent Energy Systems in Cities

Description
International expert for international and national smart cities projects.
Presenter for the lab to living lab to business - value chain.
Degree of recognition: International

Related event

Smart Cities Day Vienna
02/05/2017 → 03/05/2017
Vienna, Austria
Activity: Talks and presentations › Talks and presentations in private or public companies and organisations

Trends i byggeriet – IoT, Big data - Inspiration fra DTU, CITIES og Vidensbyen
Period: 23 Mar 2017
Alfred Heller (Speaker)
Department of Civil Engineering
Centre for IT-Intelligent Energy Systems in Cities

Description
Inviteret præsentation af de erfaringer der er lavet i CITIES og Vidensbyen omkring Internet of Things, Science Cloud for Cities og mere
Documents:
Bygnetværk - Alfred Heller - marts 2017

Related external organisation

Byggeriets netværk
København
Activity: Talks and presentations › Conference presentations

Cities research for District Heating Innovation
Period: 6 Mar 2017
Alfred Heller (Speaker)
Henrik Madsen (Speaker)
Centre for IT-Intelligent Energy Systems in Cities
Department of Civil Engineering
Department of Applied Mathematics and Computer Science

Description
Workshop on further development of district heating after 4DH.
Henrik presented mathematical tools for district heating, and Alfred presented the Science Cloud for District Heating Innovation.
Documents:
Data Infrastruktur - Niras møde Århus marts 2017 - Alfred Heller

Related external organisation

NIRAS A/S
Denmark
Activity: Talks and presentations › Conference presentations

Smart City workshop between TUBerlin, NTNU and DTU
Period: 7 Feb 2017
Alfred Heller (Speaker)
Department of Civil Engineering
Centre for IT-Intelligent Energy Systems in Cities

Description
Science Hub for Cities - a common platform for city research (presentation)
Documents:
Alfred Heller et al.- NTNU-MTU-DTU, Nov 2015 (at DTU)

Related event

Smart City workshop between TUBerlin, NTNU and DTU
06/02/2017 → 07/02/2017
Kgs. Lyngby, Denmark
Activity: Talks and presentations › Conference presentations

Steering Committee meeting Water DTU
Period: 17 Jan 2017
Alfred Heller (Participant)
Department of Civil Engineering
Centre for IT-Intelligent Energy Systems in Cities

Description
Presentation of Science Cloud for Water DTU Steering Committee

Related event

Steering Committee meeting Water DTU
17/01/2017 → …
Activity: Attending an event › Participating in or organising workshops, courses, seminars etc.

WP3 CITIES Workshop on ‘Value creation by use of city data’
Period: 12 Jan 2017
Alfred Heller (Participant)
Department of Civil Engineering
Centre for IT-Intelligent Energy Systems in Cities

Description
Presentation of Science Cloud for Cities

Related event

WP3 CITIES Workshop on ‘Value creation by use of city data’
12/01/2017 → …
Aarhus, Denmark
Activity: Attending an event › Participating in or organising workshops, courses, seminars etc.

Vidensby Netværk for Klima og grøn teknologi
Period: 7 Jan 2017
Alfred Heller (Participant)
Department of Civil Engineering
Section for Building Energy

Description
IT infrastruktur for byer - Cloud, IoT i Lyngby, Vidensby Hub
Præsentation ved Vidensby Netværk for Klima og grøn teknologi

Related event
Activity: Attending an event › Participating in or organising workshops, courses, seminars etc.

Inno-SE Integrated Energy Systems (External organisation)
Period: 2016 → ...
Alfred Heller (Chairman)
Department of Civil Engineering
Section for Building Energy

Description
Head of Advisory Board

Body type: National Innovation Cluster

Related external organisation
Inno-SE Integrated Energy Systems

Activity: Membership › Membership of committees, commissions, boards, councils, associations, organisations, or similar

Sustain-ATV Conference 2016
Period: 30 Nov 2016
Alfred Heller (Participant)
Department of Civil Engineering
Section for Building Energy
Centre for IT-Intelligent Energy Systems in Cities

Description
Living Labs – From scientific labs to the smart city
Documents:
City of Knowledge - Alfred Heller - Sustain2016 - Nov 2016

Related event
Sustain-ATV Conference 2016
30/11/2016 → 30/11/2016
Kgs. Lyngby, Denmark
Activity: Attending an event › Participating in or organising workshops, courses, seminars etc.

EERA Conference 2016
Alfred Heller (Speaker)
Department of Civil Engineering
Centre for IT-Intelligent Energy Systems in Cities

Description
Triple Helix Cooperation in Research
Documents:

Related event
EERA Conference 2016
24/10/2016 → 25/10/2016
Birmingham, United Kingdom
Activity: Talks and presentations › Conference presentations
ATV årsmøde
Period: 14 Nov 2016
Alfred Heller (Invited speaker)
Department of Civil Engineering
Centre for IT-Intelligent Energy Systems in Cities

Description
Integrated and Intelligent Energy Systems
Documents:
ATV Conference - Integrated and Intelligent Energy Systems - Nov 2016 - Alfred Heller

Related event
ATV årsmøde: Akademy of Technical Sciences - Annual meeting
14/11/2016 → …
Kgs. Lyngby, Denmark
Activity: Talks and presentations › Guest lectures, external teaching and course activities at other universities

EERA JP Energy Integration
Period: 2 Nov 2016 → 4 Nov 2016
Alfred Heller (Participant)
Department of Civil Engineering
Centre for IT-Intelligent Energy Systems in Cities

Description
EERA Joint Programme in Energy Integration - half-annual workshop.

Related event
EERA JP Energy Integration
02/11/2016 → 04/11/2016
Kgs. Lyngby, Denmark
Activity: Attending an event › Participating in or organising workshops, courses, seminars etc.

Carbon Track and Trace workshop
Period: 1 Nov 2016
Alfred Heller (Participant)
Department of Civil Engineering
Centre for IT-Intelligent Energy Systems in Cities

Description
Workshop on Carbon Track and Trace - CITIES cooperation

Related event
Carbon Track and Trace workshop
01/11/2016 → …
Trondheim, Norway
Activity: Attending an event › Participating in or organising workshops, courses, seminars etc.

DTU visit at NTNU
Period: 31 Oct 2016
Alfred Heller (Participant)
Department of Civil Engineering
Centre for IT-Intelligent Energy Systems in Cities

Description
Deans visit for cooperation between the universities
Related event

DTU visit at NTNU: Deans visit
31/10/2016 → 01/11/2016
Tronheim, Norway
Activity: Attending an event › Participating in or organising workshops, courses, seminars etc.

The City of Knowledge - A triple-helix organization
Alfred Heller (Speaker)
Department of Civil Engineering
Centre for IT-Intelligent Energy Systems in Cities

Description
How triple helix organization bring success to smart energy systems.

Related event

EERA Conference 2016
24/10/2016 → 25/10/2016
Birmingham, United Kingdom
Activity: Talks and presentations › Conference presentations

CITIES - Research Centre for Cities
Period: 25 Sep 2016
Alfred Heller (Lecturer)
Department of Civil Engineering
Centre for IT-Intelligent Energy Systems in Cities
Documents:
CITIES - Singapore - BCA - Alfred Heller 25-09-2016

Related event

Smart and sustainable cities: DTU-BCA Executive Development Programme 2016
26/09/2016 → 30/09/2016
Copenhagen, Denmark
Activity: Talks and presentations › Conference presentations

Executive Development Programme with Technical University of Denmark
Period: 25 Sep 2016 → 1 Oct 2016
Alfred Heller (Organizer)
Department of Civil Engineering
Centre for IT-Intelligent Energy Systems in Cities

Description
Scientific organizer of Master Track for Executive Masters from Singapore.

Executive Development Programme for BCA Singapore

Related event

Executive Development Programme with Technical University of Denmark: Master Course
25/09/2016 → 01/10/2016
Kgs. Lyngby, Denmark
Activity: Attending an event › Participating in or organising a conference

Top meeting CITIES - DiCyPS
Period: 3 Mar 2016
Alfred Heller (Participant)
Department of Civil Engineering
Centre for IT-Intelligent Energy Systems in Cities

**Description**
Presenter of CITIES

Top meeting between CITIES and DiCyPS

**Related event**

**Top meeting CITIES - DiCyPS**
03/03/2016 → …
Ålborg, Denmark
Activity: Attending an event › Participating in or organising workshops, courses, seminars etc.

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**Urban Living Labs**

*Period:* 25 Feb 2016 → 26 Feb 2016

Alfred Heller (Participant)
Department of Civil Engineering
Section for Building Energy
Centre for IT-Intelligent Energy Systems in Cities

**Description**
Presentation of Innovation Cycle for Living Labs at DTU and Copenhagen area

International seminar on living labs

**Related event**

**Urban Living Labs**
25/02/2016 → 26/02/2016
Newcastle, United Kingdom
Activity: Attending an event › Participating in or organising workshops, courses, seminars etc.

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**Head of activity - Integrated Energy Systems (External organisation)**

*Period:* 2015 → 2016

Alfred Heller (Chairman)
Department of Civil Engineering
Centre for IT-Intelligent Energy Systems in Cities

**Description**
Head of working group on Integrated Energy System Innovation under CLEAN, Inno-SE innovation cluster.

Body type: Committee
Links:

**Related external organisation**

**Head of activity - Integrated Energy Systems**
Activity: Membership › Membership of committees, commissions, boards, councils, associations, organisations, or similar

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**Nordic Research Council (External organisation)**

*Period:* 2015 → …

Alfred Heller (Participant)
Department of Civil Engineering
Section for Building Energy

Description
Evaluator for the Nordic Research Council

Related external organisation
Nordic Research Council
Activity: Membership › Membership in review committee

Smart Buildings: Combining energy efficiency, flexibility and comfort
Period: 26 Nov 2015
Alfred Heller (Invited speaker)
Department of Civil Engineering
Section for Building Energy
Centre for IT-Intelligent Energy Systems in Cities

Description
Presentation of White Paper "Smart Buildings: Combining energy efficiency, flexibility and comfort" by State of Green
Introductory presentation of the event topic on smart buildings and energy systems - A Nordic perspective.

Documents:
Smart Buildings - White Paper for a green transition

Links:

Related event
Nordic diplomacy event on Smart Buildings Technologies: A Nordic-Danish Perspective
26/11/2015 → …
Vilnius, Lithuania
Activity: Talks and presentations › Conference presentations

Triple Helix Cooperation for Scalability - Presentation
Period: 9 Nov 2015
Alfred Heller (Invited speaker)
Department of Civil Engineering
Section for Building Energy
Centre for IT-Intelligent Energy Systems in Cities

Documents:
Triple Helix Cooperation for Scalability - Alfred Heller - 09-11-2015 Helsinki

Related event
0: Nordic Smart & Clean Cities
05/11/2015 → 06/11/2015
Helsinki, Denmark
Activity: Talks and presentations › Conference presentations

Forskningsbibliotekernes Lederkollegiets Seminar
Period: 28 Oct 2015
Alfred Heller (Participant)
Department of Civil Engineering
Description
Seminar omkring spørgsmålet, om forskningsbiblioteker har en rolle at spille i forhold til forskningsdata, -systemer og -services.
Documents:
Forskningsbiblioteker - Forskeres behov for data services - Alfred Heller - Oct 2015

Related event
Forskningsbibliotekernes Lederkollegiets Seminar: Har biblioteker en rolle i forhold til forskningsdata?
28/10/2015 → …
Odense, Denmark
Activity: Attending an event › Participating in or organising workshops, courses, seminars etc.

EnergyLab Nordhavn: Sustainability through Certification
Period: 20 Oct 2015
Alfred Heller (Invited speaker)
Department of Civil Engineering
Section for Building Energy

Related event
SMART CITIES: Building the City 2.0
20/10/2015 → 21/10/2015
Stockholm, Sweden
Activity: Talks and presentations › Conference presentations

Smart Cities Live
Alfred Heller (Speaker)
Department of Civil Engineering
Section for Building Energy
Centre for IT-Intelligent Energy Systems in Cities

Related event
SMART CITIES: Building the City 2.0
20/10/2015 → 21/10/2015
Stockholm, Sweden
Activity: Talks and presentations › Conference presentations

*Sustainability by certification* - Experiences on the DGNB certification of the Nordhavn district in Copenhagen
Period: 20 Oct 2015
Alfred Heller (Invited speaker)
Department of Civil Engineering
Section for Building Energy
Centre for IT-Intelligent Energy Systems in Cities
Documents:
Energy Lab Nordhavn - Sustainability by certification - Alfred Heller - Oct 2015

Related event
SMART CITIES: Building the City 2.0
20/10/2015 → 21/10/2015
Stockholm, Sweden
Activity: Talks and presentations › Conference presentations

**Den digitale by**
Period: 6 Oct 2015
Alfred Heller (Lecturer)
Department of Civil Engineering
Section for Building Energy

*Description*
Folkeuniversitet Århus, foredrag om den digitale by

*Related external organisation*

*Unknown external organisation*
Activity: Talks and presentations › Conference presentations

**PhD evaluation committee - Rimante Cox (External organisation)**
Period: Sep 2015 → Nov 2015
Alfred Heller (Chairman)
Department of Civil Engineering
Section for Building Energy

*Description*
Body type: Evaluation Committee

*Related external organisation*

**PhD evaluation committee - Rimante Cox**
Activity: Membership › Membership in review committee

**EU-Israel Innovation (External organisation)**
Period: 10 Sep 2015
Alfred Heller (Participant)
Department of Civil Engineering
Section for Building Energy
Centre for IT-Intelligent Energy Systems in Cities

*Description*
Advisor for the EU-Israel Innovation Cooperation

*Related external organisation*

**EU-Israel Innovation**
Activity: Membership › Membership of committees, commissions, boards, councils, associations, organisations, or similar

**EU-Israel Innovation Seminar**
Period: 10 Sep 2015
Alfred Heller (Invited speaker)
Department of Civil Engineering
Section for Building Energy
Centre for IT-Intelligent Energy Systems in Cities
Invited to provide recommendation and advices for innovation based on research in Smart Cities and Energy related issues.

Related event

EU-Israel Innovation Seminar
10/09/2015 → …
Tel Aviv, Israel
Activity: Talks and presentations › Conference presentations

Nordic Climate KIC - CITIES workshop
Period: 1 Sep 2015
Alfred Heller (Organizer)
Centre for IT-Intelligent Energy Systems in Cities
Department of Civil Engineering
Section for Building Energy

Description
Organizer of workshop activities

Related event

Nordic Climate KIC - CITIES workshop
01/09/2015 → …
Copenhagen, Denmark
Activity: Attending an event › Participating in or organising a conference

How does the research centre CITIES contribute to Innovation
Period: 22 May 2015
Alfred Heller (Invited speaker)
Department of Civil Engineering
Section for Building Physics and Services
Centre for IT-Intelligent Energy Systems in Cities

Description
Presentation at the annual meeting of the CLEAN innovation organisation.
Documents:

Related external organisation

Unknown external organisation
Activity: Talks and presentations › Conference presentations

Det intelligente energisystem
Period: 26 Mar 2015
Alfred Heller (Participant)
Department of Civil Engineering
Section for Building Physics and Services
Centre for IT-Intelligent Energy Systems in Cities
Documents:
Det intelligente energisystem - CITIES 26-04-2015

Related event

Det intelligente energisystem
From Grid to Society: Some thoughts about Smart Cities
Period: 10 Mar 2015
Alfred Heller (Lecturer)
Department of Civil Engineering
Section for Building Physics and Services
Centre for IT-Intelligent Energy Systems in Cities

Description
Inspiration lecture for Arup University and Imperial Collage, UK.
Documents:
From Grid to Society - Arup University - 10-3-2015

Related external organisation
Unknown external organisation
Activity: Talks and presentations › Conference presentations

Energyforum Denmark
Period: 4 Mar 2015
Alfred Heller (Invited speaker)
Department of Civil Engineering
Section for Building Physics and Services
Centre for IT-Intelligent Energy Systems in Cities

Description
Bygninger – en aktiv del af fremtidens energiforsyning
Documents:
Presentation Alfred Heller DTU 04-03-2015

Related event
Energyforum Denmark
03/03/2015 → 04/03/2015
Nyborg, Denmark
Activity: Talks and presentations › Talks and presentations in private or public companies and organisations

Smart City Think Tank (External organisation)
Period: 1 Mar 2015 → 31 Dec 2015
Alfred Heller (Participant)
Department of Civil Engineering
Section for Building Physics and Services

Description
The Ministry for Cities, Buildings and Rural areas did point out a Smart City Think Tank that has to come up with a recommendation on subjects like smart cities, data in relation to smart technologies, privacy and such like.

Teknisk ekspert

Body type: Think Tank for Ministry
Documents:
Artikel JP smart city tænketank

Related external organisation
**Smart City Think Tank**
Activity: Membership › Membership of committees, commissions, boards, councils, associations, organisations, or similar

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**EuroTech Winter School**
Period: 5 Feb 2015 → 9 Feb 2015
Alfred Heller (Participant)

Department of Civil Engineering
Section for Building Physics and Services
Centre for IT-Intelligent Energy Systems in Cities

**Description**
The winter school presents the participant in a wide range of energy technologies and issues. Working with the holistic topic of Smart Energy Cities brings up the question of "How do we design research in the holistic field of Smart Energy Cities?" The workshop will present some theoretical background and promote the students to define proposals in this agenda.

**Related event**

**EuroTech Winter School: Smart Energy**
02/02/2015 → 15/02/2015
Lausanne, Switzerland
Activity: Attending an event › Participating in or organising workshops, courses, seminars etc.

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**Future Digital Cities - for and with citizens (External organisation)**
Period: 1 Feb 2015 → 31 Dec 2031
Alfred Heller (Participant)

Department of Civil Engineering
Section for Building Physics and Services
Centre for IT-Intelligent Energy Systems in Cities

**Description**
Ministerial think tank on cities, digital opportunities and services in the city perspective by the Ministry of Housing, Urban and Rural Affairs

Body type: Ministerial tænketank

**Related external organisation**

**Future Digital Cities - for and with citizens**
Activity: Membership › Membership of committees, commissions, boards, councils, associations, organisations, or similar

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**Inno-SE Innovationsnæværk - Evaluator af Innovationsprojekter (External organisation)**
Period: 2014 → …
Alfred Heller (Participant)

Department of Civil Engineering
Section for Building Energy
Centre for IT-Intelligent Energy Systems in Cities

**Description**
Body type: Evaluering

**Related external organisation**

**Inno-SE Innovationsnæværk - Evaluator af Innovationsprojekter**
Activity: Membership › Membership in review committee
Big Data as a tool for controlling the cities energy: Data aspects and data management  
Period: 27 Nov 2014  
Alfred Heller (Invited speaker)  
Department of Civil Engineering  
Section for Building Physics and Services  
Centre for IT-Intelligent Energy Systems in Cities  

Description  
Data are essential for smart cities research. How do we handle them? What kinds of data do we have, how do we manage them? ...  
Documents:  
Big data for Smart Energy Cities IDA Presentation 27-01-2014  

Related event  
Big Data som værktøj til at styre byens energi  
27/11/2014 → …  
København, Denmark  
Activity: Talks and presentations › Conference presentations  

Big Data som værktøj til at styre byens energi  
Period: 27 Nov 2014  
Alfred Heller (Invited speaker)  
Department of Civil Engineering  
Centre for IT-Intelligent Energy Systems in Cities  
Documents:  
Big data for Smart Energy Cities IDA Presentation 27-01-2014  

Related external organisation  
Unknown external organisation  
Activity: Talks and presentations › Conference presentations  

Idea catalogue by Vidensby Lyngby to Workshop Water DTU  
Period: 29 Oct 2014  
Alfred Heller (Invited speaker)  
Department of Civil Engineering  
Section for Building Physics and Services  

Description  
Presentation of the opportunities in the Lyngby Videnby cooperation, the Cities centre project and Water DTU - DTU internal workshop.  
Documents:  

Related external organisation  
Unknown external organisation  
Activity: Talks and presentations › Conference presentations  

3rd International Workshop on Design in Civil and Environmental Engineering  
Alfred Heller (Participant)  
Department of Civil Engineering  
Section for Building Physics and Services
Description
Presentation at conference

Related event

3rd International Workshop on Design in Civil and Environmental Engineering
21/08/2014 → 23/08/2014
Kgs. Lyngby, Denmark
Activity: Attending an event › Participating in or organising a conference

Smart City Network Denmark (External organisation)
Period: 1 Aug 2014 → …
Alfred Heller (Participant)
Department of Civil Engineering
Section for Building Physics and Services
Centre for IT-Intelligent Energy Systems in Cities

Description
Network in the field of Smart Cities in Denmark under the Ministry for housing, cities and rural areas.

Body type: Network

Related external organisation

Smart City Network Denmark
Activity: Membership › Membership of committees, commissions, boards, councils, associations, organisations, or similar

CITIES Annual Conference
Period: 26 May 2014 → 28 May 2014
Alfred Heller (Organizer)
Department of Civil Engineering
Centre for IT-Intelligent Energy Systems in Cities

Description
Organisation of CITIES Annual Conference 2014.

Related event

Urbanisation and infrastructure in the Arctic – Challenges to sustainability
Period: 7 May 2014 → 9 May 2014
Alfred Heller (Participant)
Department of Civil Engineering
Section for Building Physics and Services
Centre for IT-Intelligent Energy Systems in Cities
Documents:
Paper_MRKO_Submission

Related event

Urbanisation and infrastructure in the Arctic – Challenges to sustainability
07/04/2014 → 09/04/2014
Sisimiut, Greenland
Activity: Attending an event › Participating in or organising a conference
Introduction of flexible monitoring equipment into the Greenlandic building sector

Period: 8 Apr 2014
Alfred Heller (Lecturer)
Department of Civil Engineering
Section for Building Physics and Services
Centre for IT-Intelligent Energy Systems in Cities

Description
Greenlandic winters are long and cold so living inside a heated and properly ventilated space requires quite some energy. It is assumed that in mechanically ventilated buildings, significant amounts of energy for heating can be conserved by adjusting ventilation flow rates according to the actual demand of occupants. Traditional solutions available on a market consist of a controller and the sensors in a living space detecting occupancy and activity (movement sensors, CO2 sensors, Humidity sensors, etc.). The controller needs to be programmed and maintained by an expert and the sensors need to be hardwired to the controller. In Greenland where price of labor is very high and availability of experts is limited, installation of such control system becomes expensive. Particularly in case of renovation of existing buildings the costs of hardwiring the sensors can be very high. One possible solution to the above is to use wireless sensor network (WSN) technologies. A prototype wireless monitoring and control system is demonstrated on a renovation of a ventilation system in the new dormitory Apiseq in Sisimiut, Greenland. The existing mechanical ventilation was running at a constant air flow even during unoccupied hours which resulted in a very high heat demand. It was estimated that installing the WSN system will bring annual savings of 1,600 € at the investment of 8,000 €. This paper describes a setup of the system and discusses its advantages and drawbacks.

Documents:
Grønland Presentation WSN 08-04-2014_mrko

Related event
Artek Conference 2014
07/04/2014 → 09/04/2014
Sisimiut, Greenland
Activity: Talks and presentations › Conference presentations

European Workshop 2014 International Institute for Energy System Integration
Alfred Heller (Participant)
Department of Civil Engineering
Section for Building Physics and Services
Centre for IT-Intelligent Energy Systems in Cities

Related event
European Workshop 2014 International Institute for Energy System Integration
27/05/2014 → 28/05/2014
Copenhagen, Denmark
Activity: Attending an event › Participating in or organising a conference

Structural Frameworks for Open, Digital Research
Period: 11 Jun 2012 → 13 Jun 2012
Alfred Heller (Organizer)
Department of Civil Engineering
Section for Building Physics and Services

Description
Scientific advisor, member of scientific commitee

Related event
Structural Frameworks for Open, Digital Research
11/06/2012 → 13/06/2012
Copenhagen, Denmark
Activity: Attending an event › Participating in or organising a conference

**DataCite (External organisation)**

*Period: 2009 → 2011*

Alfred Heller (Member)

Section for Building Physics and Services
Department of Civil Engineering

**Description**

10 years of DataCite - DOI registry infrastructure for research data.

Member of board

*Body type: International Research Infrastructure Provider*

*Degree of recognition: International*

*Documents:*

- DataCite 10 year D-Lib Magazine
- Links:
  - [http://www.dlib.org/dlib/january15/brase/01brase.print.html](http://www.dlib.org/dlib/january15/brase/01brase.print.html) (Article)

**Related external organisation**

**DataCite**

Activity: Membership › Membership of committees, commissions, boards, councils, associations, organisations, or similar

**Workshop on Sustainable Energies**

*Period: 14 Jan 2009 → 15 Jan 2009*

Alfred Heller (Speaker)

Technical Information Center of Denmark

**Related event**

**Workshop on Sustainable Energies**

14/01/2009 → 15/01/2009
Risa DTU, Technical University of Denmark, Lyngby, Denmark

Activity: Talks and presentations › Conference presentations

**Workshop on Open Access ( Nordbib)**

*Period: 23 Apr 2007 → 24 Apr 2007*

Alfred Heller (Participant)

Technical Information Center of Denmark

**Related event**

**Workshop on Open Access ( Nordbib)**

Marienlyst, Helsingør

Activity: Attending an event › Participating in or organising workshops, courses, seminars etc.